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GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

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Please see attached.

Additional Details

Period Ended

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Attachments

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GENTING
SINGAPORE

GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2020



ABOUT GENTING SINGAPORE

Genting Singapore Limited ("Genting Singapore" or "Company") was incorporated in 1984 in the Isle of Man. The Company was converted into a public limited company on 20 March 1987 and listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited on 12 December 2005. Genting Singapore re-domiciled and transferred its registration from the Isle of Man to Singapore on 1 June 2018. Genting Singapore is a constituent stock of the Straits Times Index and is one of the largest companies in Singapore by market capitalisation.

The principal activities of Genting Singapore and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are in the development, management and operation of integrated resort destinations including gaming, attractions, hospitality, MICE, leisure and entertainment facilities. Since 1984, the Group has been at the forefront of gaming and integrated resort development in Australia, the Bahamas, Malaysia, the Philippines, the United Kingdom and Singapore. Genting Singapore owns Resorts World Sentosa in Singapore, an award-winning destination resort and one of the largest integrated resort destinations in Asia, offering a casino, S.E.A. Aquarium (one of the world's largest Oceanariums), Adventure Cove Waterpark, Universal Studios Singapore theme park, hotels, MICE facilities, celebrity chef restaurants and specialty retail outlets.



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Chairman's Statement

Dear fellow Shareholders,

The year 2020 was marked by the devastating COVID-19 pandemic, which has disrupted many lives and caused major economic upheavals all over the world. As global travel came to a standstill, the travel and tourism industry bore the brunt of the travel hiatus. With our flagship Resorts World Sentosa ("RWS") now primarily dependent only on the domestic Singapore market, our operations and financial performance were severely impacted.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group reported a revenue of \$1.1 billion, adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("Adjusted EBITDA") of \$427 million and net profit of \$69 million.

Due to the severity of the pandemic, RWS suspended all guest offerings including Universal Studios Singapore, S.E.A. Aquarium, Adventure Cove Waterpark and Dolphin Island, as well as hotels and the casino from 6 April 2020 to 30 June 2020, to help contain the spread of the virus. As Singapore progressively reopened in the third quarter of 2020, we welcomed guests back to our key attractions with significantly reduced capacity, placing our focus on health, safety and well-being across the resort.

“We can be proud of our resilience and embrace of change in order to keep up with the challenging environment and ensure business viability.”

We seized the opportunity to re-invent our offerings to provide enhanced and renewed experiences to our guests. Local residents can indulge in our specially-curated staycation packages by pairing up our distinctively-themed destination hotels with trips to our attractions or dining at our award-winning restaurants. At S.E.A. Aquarium, we created an exciting new dining experience – Aqua Gastronomy, where diners feast on cuisines featuring 100% sustainably sourced seafood in front of one of the world's largest viewing panels, the Open Ocean Habitat. These are some of the novel offerings introduced in line with our changing customer demographics and we will continue to innovate as we journey towards the recovery of tourism in the medium term.

Already accredited as SG Clean before the Circuit Breaker, RWS has implemented numerous safe management measures and established many cleaning and disinfection protocols of the highest standards. Putting health and safety at the centre of all the experiences we have created, we stay committed to good sanitation and hygiene practices in line with Singapore Government's directives.

Despite the challenging year, we stepped forward as a community leader, and joined hands with the Singapore Government in the nation's efforts to contain COVID-19. We were appointed the Managing Agent of the Community Care Facilities (CCF) at Singapore EXPO & MAX Atria and the Big Box warehouse mall, where we contributed our expertise in managing large-scale, non-medical facilities to support the Ministry of Health and medical professionals in various hospitals in caring for COVID-19 patients. We are deeply heartened that more than 2,000 of our team members have volunteered their time and participated in this community effort since April 2020.

This unprecedented period has also served as a timely reminder for us to remain committed to embracing sustainability efforts in our business practices. In recognition of our continuous efforts towards social, environmental and responsible procurement initiatives, as well as their influence and impact to the supply chain, RWS was named the winner of Procurement Transformation at the Chartered Institute of Procurement & Supply ("CIPS") Asia Supply Management Awards 2020 by CIPS.

I am also proud to share that RWS has been named as the first winner of the prestigious title for Best Integrated Resort (International) at the 13th Annual Travel Trade Gazette (TTG) China Travel Awards 2020, which recognises the best of Greater China's travel industry. Our key attractions, Universal Studios Singapore and Adventure Cove Waterpark continue to retain their title in Asia as the No. 1 Amusement Park and Top 10 Water Parks respectively at TripAdvisor's 2020 edition of Travellers' Choice Awards. These awards strongly reaffirm our position as the leader in Singapore's leisure and entertainment landscape.

Looking ahead, we expect the outlook to remain challenging with the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. Nonetheless, we are excited to move forward with our \$4.5 billion mega expansion plan ("RWS 2.0") which is set to transform our Integrated Resort into a centrepiece of Singapore's tourism sector.

In the process of embracing the new normal and as we move towards RWS 2.0, we recognise that our people will be one of the main drivers for success. RWS firmly believes in skills training and development and we have been actively participating in various workforce initiatives by the Singapore Government. In recognition of our efforts and achievements in the workforce transformation journey, we have been awarded the SkillsFuture Employer Awards (Non-SME) 2020. We will continue to place emphasis on human capital development and invest in the skills of our people by encouraging and providing resources to re-skill and upgrade, to ensure our workforce is future-ready.

We continue to be engaged in our pursuit of the investment opportunity in Japan. The Group will evaluate the conditions of the Request-for-Proposal (RFP) and the investment environment whilst evaluating whether the conditions meet with our investment criteria.

While the severity and uncertainty of COVID-19 has adversely affected our financial performance for 2020, we maintain a strong balance sheet that has been strategically built up over many years and this will ensure that we are able to cope with the unpredictability that may persist, and at the same time, continue to pursue growth. The Board of Directors is pleased to recommend a final dividend payout of 1 cent per share.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my utmost gratitude to our Shareholders, valued customers, business partners and to the Singapore Government ministries and agencies for their continued support and trust in this challenging year.

To my fellow Directors, thank you for your valuable guidance. To our Management and team members who have been contributing tirelessly, I thank you for your dedication and commitment. Together, we will ride through this storm and emerge stronger.



Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay
Executive Chairman



2020 Highlights



1. RWS steps up during COVID-19 battle

RWS supported and stood united with the Singapore Government in caring for COVID-19 patients to reduce the risk of local transmission in Singapore. We were appointed the Managing Agent of the Community Care Facilities ("CCF") at Singapore EXPO & MAX Atria and the Big Box warehouse mall. Our contribution contributed to a whole-of-community effort to help to run the largest care facility for COVID-19 patients to help the nation combat the COVID-19 pandemic.



2. Our People

Over 2,000 of our team members selflessly volunteered to provide non-medical care for residents at the CCF. Leveraging on their skills and extensive experience in F&B and hospitality, they brought a little piece of RWS to the recovering residents, and went the extra mile to create a more positive environment.

3. We are SG Clean!

We obtained the SG Clean certification – a recognition by the Singapore Government and a testament of the stringent safe management protocols that we have put into place across the resort. We have embraced Safe Entry, Safe Experience and Safe Environment as our three principles, taking every safety measure necessary from systems for screening and contact tracing, safe distancing rules and hygiene safeguards, to new cleaning technology and disinfection protocols, so that guests can enjoy our offerings with a full peace of mind.



4. Aqua Gastronomy - Singapore's first and only underwater dining experience

At our S.E.A. Aquarium, Aqua Gastronomy revolutionised Singapore's dining landscape with a new extraordinary dining experience where eight beautiful pods take the spotlight. This alluring and memorable dining extravaganza provided for a multisensory experience that fuses culinary artistry, visual splendour and amazing underwater appearances by professional divers accompanied by oceanic soundscapes. The sell-out curated dining experience had been a big hit with guests since its launch in September 2020.



5. Re-imagine and re-adapt

During the period of adversity, we seized the opportunity to redesign our offerings and curated a series of new offerings for our guests. RWS rolled out specially-curated staycation packages for local residents by pairing up our distinctively-themed destination hotels with trips to our attractions. During Halloween, the resort came together to provide a “Spook-tastic” experience – from trick-or-treating activities to hunting of lost pearls and Halloween-themed treats and food offerings.

6. Expanded and Enhanced Zone of S.E.A. Aquarium

We are proud to introduce the new immersive zone in S.E.A. Aquarium, which is home to several newborn animals, some of which are listed as “Vulnerable” and “Threatened” in the International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List of Threatened Species. This newly-opened zone has delighted many marine animal lovers where they can admire these newborn inhabitants and also journey through three habitats – the tropical rainforest, intertidal coastal terrains and the underwater cities of brightly-hued coral reefs.

7. Winner of the Best Integrated Resort (International)

RWS was crowned the winner of Best Integrated Resort (International) at the 13th Annual TTG China Travel Awards 2020. A new award title launched in 2020, this recognises the best of Greater China’s travel industry, and we are proud to be named as the first winner of this prestigious title.

8. RWS wins awards at Chartered Institute of Procurement & Supply (“CIPS”) Asia Supply Management Awards

RWS won CIPS Asia Supply Management Awards 2020 for Procurement Transformation and was accorded a high commendation for Ethical Procurement. This represents a strong validation by professional procurement body on our sustained effort in social, environmental and responsible procurement initiatives, its influence and impact to the supply chain.



Board of Directors



TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY, 69
EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Date of First Appointment / **24 October 1986**
Date of Last Re-election / **17 April 2019**
Country of Principal Residence / **Malaysia**
Member / **Nominating Committee**

Tan Sri Lim has been the Chairman of the Company since 1 November 1993 and the Executive Chairman since 1 September 2005. He is responsible for formulating the Group's business strategies and policies.

Tan Sri Lim joined the Genting Group in 1976 and has served in various positions within the Group. He is the Chairman and Chief Executive of Genting Berhad ("GENT"), the Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive of Genting Malaysia Berhad ("GENM"), as well as the Deputy Chairman and Executive Director of Genting Plantations Berhad, all of which are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He is also the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Genting Hong Kong Limited ("GENHK"), a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and the Executive Chairman of Genting UK Plc. He is also a Director of Travellers International Hotel Group, Inc. ("Travellers"), which is an associate of GENHK and was listed on the Main Board of The Philippine Stock Exchange Inc. until its voluntary delisting in October 2019.

By virtue of Tan Sri Lim's positions and his shareholding interests (directly or indirectly) in GENT, GENM, GENHK and Travellers and his indirect shareholding interests in Empire Resorts, Inc. (a holding company for various subsidiaries engaged in the hospitality and gaming industries), he is considered as having interests in businesses apart from the Group's business, which may compete indirectly with the Group's business. The Company's management team is separate and independent from the aforementioned companies. Further, the Company's Board of Directors comprises (other than Tan Sri Lim) four Independent Non-Executive Directors and an Executive Director who is not related to Tan Sri Lim.

Tan Sri Lim is the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of The Community Chest, Malaysia ("TCC"), as well as a Founding Member and a Permanent Trustee of TCC. He also sits on the Boards of Trustees of several charitable organisations in Malaysia.

Tan Sri Lim holds a Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from the University of London. He attended the Programme for Management Development at the Harvard Business School, Harvard University in 1979. He is an Honorary Professor of Xiamen University, China. He was bestowed the national award, the Panglima Setia Mahkota, which carries the title of "Tan Sri" by the Yang Di Pertuan Agong of Malaysia on 1 June 2002.



TAN HEE TECK, 65
PRESIDENT AND CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

Date of First Appointment / **19 February 2010**
Date of Last Re-election / **28 May 2020**
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**

Mr Tan has been the Chief Executive Officer of Resorts World at Sentosa Pte. Ltd. ("RWS") since 1 January 2007 and was appointed as the Chairman of RWS on 25 February 2015, and provides leadership and leads the management team at RWS. He was responsible for the successful bidding of the Integrated Resort at Sentosa in 2006. He joined the Genting Group in 1982. Through the years he held senior corporate and operational positions within the Group, in many geographical regions.

Prior to re-joining the Genting Group in 2004, Mr Tan was the Chief Operating Officer and Executive Director of DBS Vickers Securities (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of DBS Group Holdings Ltd.

Mr Tan serves as a Council member and Honorary Treasurer of the Singapore National Employers Federation. He is also a board member, as well as the Chairman of Risk Management Committee and a member of Staff Committee, of the Central Provident Fund Board of Singapore. He is also a member of the Advisory Council on Community Relations in Defence - Main Council and Employer & Business Council and a board member and Honorary Secretary of the Singapore Hotel Association. Mr Tan is Vice President and co-founder of the charity organisation - Leukemia and Lymphoma Foundation, Singapore, and a trustee of the Sea Research Foundation, Connecticut, USA.

Mr Tan is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, UK, a Fellow of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a Chartered Accountant with the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He has also completed the Advanced Management Program at the Harvard Business School.



CHAN SWEE LIANG CAROLINA (CAROL FONG), 59
LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **1 May 2018**
Date of Last Re-election / **17 April 2019**
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**
Chairman / **Remuneration Committee**
Member / **Audit and Risk Committee**
Member / **Nominating Committee**

Carol is the Group Chief Executive Officer of CGS-CIMB Securities Group. She has extensive experience in financial markets spanning over 35 years and held a number of senior managerial positions in various stockbroking firms.

Carol has been an active member of the SGX Securities Advisory Committee since 2009 and in July 2011, she assumed the role of Chairman of the SGX Securities Advisory Committee. She is also an Independent Non-Executive Director of City Developments Limited, as well as the Non-Executive Chairman and Non-Executive Director of CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn. Bhd. Between September 2010-2013, she was a Non-Executive Director of the Singapore Symphonia Company Limited. She is also an Independent Board member of the Leukemia and Lymphoma Foundation.

Carol was conferred the IBF Distinguished Fellow award in 2016. The IBF Distinguished Fellow is a significant role model who serves as a beacon of excellence for the financial industry.

Carol holds a BA degree from the National University of Singapore and a Diploma in Personnel Management. She has also completed the Executive Diploma in Directorship from Singapore Management University - Singapore Institute of Directors in 2018.



TAN WAH YEOW, 60
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **1 November 2017**
Date of Last Re-election / **17 April 2018**
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**
Chairman / **Audit and Risk Committee**
Member / **Remuneration Committee**

Mr Tan is Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to the Kingdom of Norway. He was formerly the Deputy Managing Partner of KPMG Singapore and Head of KPMG Asia Pacific Healthcare Practice.

Mr Tan is currently a Non-Executive Independent Director of Mapletree Logistics Trust Management Ltd. (Manager of Mapletree Logistics Trust), and Sembcorp Marine Ltd. He is also a Board Director of the Public Utilities Board and M1 Limited, and an Executive Committee member of MILK (Mainly I Love Kids) Fund. In 2020, Mr Tan became a Board Director of the Housing and Development Board and a Governing Board member of Yale-NUS College, and stepped down from the Boards of Gardens by the Bay and VIVA Foundation for Children with Cancer.

Mr Tan graduated from the London School of Economics and Political Science with a Bachelor of Science (Economics). He is a Fellow of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants as well as the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Board of Directors



JONATHAN ASHERSON, 65
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **12 May 2017**
Date of Last Re-election / **17 April 2018**
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**
Chairman / **Nominating Committee**
Member / **Remuneration Committee**

Mr Asherson has rich experience in strategy and business leadership with multi-national companies over the last 40 years. In the course of his career, he has been Regional Director for ASEAN and Asia Pacific at Rolls-Royce plc and consequently served as the Non-Executive Chairman of Rolls-Royce in Asia Pacific. He also held various positions in Siemens' industrial power business in China, Malaysia, Germany and the USA. He has formerly served as President of the British Chamber of Commerce in Singapore, Non-Executive Director of the UK Department for International Trade (ASEAN), a board member of the Economic Development Board of Singapore and the Chairman of the Singapore International Chamber of Commerce. He has served on various advisory committees for the Singapore government and various educational and research institutes in Singapore and the UK. In 2020, Mr Asherson completed his term as a Council Member of the Singapore Business Federation and stepped down from the Council of the Singapore National Employers' Federation after six years' service.

Mr Asherson is an Independent Director of Sembcorp Industries Ltd and a Director of Tru Marine Pte. Ltd. He is also an advisor to the Singapore Institute of International Affairs.

Mr Asherson qualified as a chartered engineer and holds a BSc (Hons) degree in Mechanical Engineering from Kingston University, from which he was awarded an honorary doctorate in 2010. He became an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (OBE) in 2009 and awarded the Public Service Medal (Friends of Singapore) as part of the Singapore's National Day Awards in 2010.



HAUW SZE SHIUNG WINSTON, 66
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **31 July 2020**
Date of Last Re-election / -
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**
Member / **Audit and Risk Committee**

Mr Hauw was the former Managing Partner of Rider Levett Bucknall LLP Singapore, Managing Director of RLB Consultancy Pte. Ltd. and senior principal of the Rider Levett Bucknall ("RLB") Southeast Asian practices of Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar and Vietnam. He was a member of the Executive Committee for the RLB group of North American, Oceania, Middle East and Southeast Asian practices.

Mr Hauw is a Professor (Practice) in the School of Design and Environment, National University of Singapore. He presently serves on the Strata Titles Board, and is an Adjudicator with the Singapore Mediation Centre and an expert panel member of the Singapore International Mediation Centre. He was an Honorary Advisor of the Real Estate Developers' Association of Singapore and has acted in various capacities in other industry institutions including the Singapore Green Building Council.

Mr Hauw has four decades of professional experience as a practitioner in cost management and quantity surveying, project management and advisory services in Singapore and Southeast Asia. He graduated with a BSc (Hons) in Quantity Surveying from the University of Reading, United Kingdom in 1978. Mr Hauw is a Fellow of both the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and the Singapore Institute of Surveyors and Valuers, as well as an Associate of the Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors.

Management

TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY

Executive Chairman

TAN HEE TECK

President and Chief Operating Officer

LEE SHI RUH

Chief Financial Officer

NANAMI KASASAKI

Chief Corporate Officer

LIEW LAN HING

Company Secretary

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay (*Executive Chairman*)
Tan Hee Teck (*President and Chief Operating Officer*)
Chan Swee Liang Carolina (*Lead Independent Director*)
Tan Wah Yeow (*Independent Non-Executive Director*)
Jonathan Asherson (*Independent Non-Executive Director*)
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston (*Independent Non-Executive Director*)

AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

Tan Wah Yeow (*Chairman*)
Chan Swee Liang Carolina
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Jonathan Asherson (*Chairman*)
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay
Chan Swee Liang Carolina

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Chan Swee Liang Carolina (*Chairman*)
Jonathan Asherson
Tan Wah Yeow

COMPANY SECRETARY

Liew Lan Hing

SHARE REGISTRAR

M & C Services Private Limited
112 Robinson Road #05-01
Singapore 068902
Tel: +65 6227 6660
Fax: +65 6225 1452

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
7 Straits View, Marina One
East Tower, Level 12
Singapore 018936
Partner-in-charge: Tan Boon Chok
(Appointed since the financial year ended
31 December 2017)

REGISTERED OFFICE

10 Sentosa Gateway
Resorts World Sentosa
Singapore 098270
Tel: +65 6577 8888
Fax: +65 6577 8890
Website: www.gentingsingapore.com

STOCK CODE

G13

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Email: ir@gentingsingapore.com

Corporate Diary

20.01.2020

Notice of the Extraordinary General Meeting.

04.02.2020

Extraordinary General Meeting.

12.02.2020

Release of the consolidated financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

10.03.2020

Announcement on cessation of quarterly reporting.

12.03.2020

Announcement on extension of time to hold the Thirty-Fifth Annual General Meeting.

17.03.2020

Announcement on update on outlook amid COVID-19 spread and profit guidance.

18.03.2020

Announcement on approval from Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority for extension of time to hold the Thirty-Fifth Annual General Meeting.

06.05.2020

Notice of the Thirty-Fifth Annual General Meeting.

13.05.2020

Release of the quarterly business overview for the three months ended 31 March 2020.

27.05.2020

Announcement on the notice of record date for final dividend.

28.05.2020

Thirty-Fifth Annual General Meeting.

28.06.2020

Minutes and presentation slides of the Thirty-Fifth Annual General Meeting.

31.07.2020

Announcement on the appointment of Independent Non-Executive Director and changes to the composition of the Board and Board Committees.

06.08.2020

- Release of the quarterly business overview for the three months ended 30 June 2020.
- Announcement on the resignation of Independent Non-Executive Director and changes to the composition of the Board and Board Committees.
- Release of the financial results for the half year ended 30 June 2020.

14.11.2020

Release of the quarterly business overview for the three months ended 30 September 2020.

09.02.2021

Release of the consolidated financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020.

RWS Management Team



Mark Chee Weng Hun
Senior Vice President,
RWS Legal & Compliance



Nanami Kasasaki
Executive Vice President,
Corporate Officer



Tan Hee Teck
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer



Alan Teo Aung Peng
Chief Operating Officer



Lee Shi Ruh
Executive Vice President,
Accounting & HR

Financial Highlights



REVENUE

1.06 billion
(2019: 2.48 billion)



ADJUSTED EBITDA

0.43 billion
(2019: 1.19 billion)



NET PROFIT

69.2 million
(2019: 688.6 million)



SHAREHOLDERS' FUND

7.84 billion
(2019: 8.06 billion)



TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED

8.79 billion
(2019: 9.25 billion)



CREDIT RATINGS

Moody's Ratings **A3**
Rating and Investment
("R&I") Ratings **A**

All figures are in Singapore Dollars

Awards and Accolades

ASEAN Tourism Standards Awards 2020

ASEAN Green Hotel Award 2020:
Hotel Michael, Resorts World Sentosa

ASEAN MICE Venue Standard Award

Category – Meeting Rooms, 2020 to 2022:
Resorts World Sentosa

13th Annual TTG China Travel Awards 2020

Best Integrated Resort (International):
Resorts World Sentosa

SkillsFuture Employer Awards

SkillsFuture Employer Awards (Non-SME) 2020:
Resorts World Sentosa

Travel Weekly Asia 2020 Readers' Choice Awards

Best Integrated Resort – Asia Pacific:
Resorts World Sentosa

TripAdvisor Travellers' Choice 2020

- No. 1 Amusement Park in Asia:
Universal Studios Singapore
- Top 10 Water Parks in Asia:
Adventure Cove Waterpark

Chartered Institute of Procurement & Supply (CIPS)

Asia Supply Management Awards 2020

- Procurement Transformation – Winner:
Resorts World Sentosa
- Ethical Procurement – High Commendation Award:
Resorts World Sentosa

Singapore Tourism Awards 2020

- Special Recognition (Integrated Resorts):
Resorts World Sentosa
- Best Business Event Venue Experience:
Resorts World Sentosa
[for Singapore MICE Forum 2019 (SACEOS)]

Singapore Packaging Agreement Awards 2020

Top Achievement Award:
Resorts World Sentosa

Patron of Heritage Awards 2019

2019 Patron of Heritage Awards (Supporter Category):
Resorts World Sentosa

For more awards and accolades,
please refer to www.rwsentosa.com

Year in Review

2020 will be remembered as the year of the global pandemic. It had been a devastating year for the Group as COVID-19 caused severe disruption to our businesses. We ended the year with an Adjusted EBITDA of \$427 million, a change of 64% from the previous year.



Landscape view of Resorts World Sentosa

Resorts World Sentosa ("RWS") was bestowed as the first winner of the prestigious title for the Best Integrated Resort (International) at the 13th Annual Travel Trade Gazette (TTG) China Travel Awards 2020. This award recognises the best of Greater China's travel industry and further cements our pole position in the region.

GAMING

Following strong regional growth from 2017 to 2019, the gaming business was adversely impacted by the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020. The first quarter saw reduced mass visitation as concerns grew, with higher end premium mass and the VIP business remaining reasonably resilient. The second quarter was severely impacted with the announcement of travel restrictions in March 2020, followed by the start of circuit breaker measures by the Singapore Government in April 2020. The gaming operations were closed between April 2020 and June 2020.

Operations resumed at the beginning of July 2020, with social distancing and capacity restrictions in place. With these considerations, business was reasonable in the third quarter, albeit significantly lower as compared to prior years with the absence of regional arrivals due to ongoing travel restrictions. A disciplined approach to costs and focus on higher value spending groups has sustained profitability for the gaming business in the third and fourth quarters.

With the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and associated effects from border movements and socialisation, the business climate

will remain subdued in 2021. There is also substantial risk in the VIP and premium mass sectors due to the uncertain regional economic situation, which RWS will be managing very carefully for the foreseeable future. A disciplined approach to variable costs, agile responses to limited lifting of travel restrictions, along with premium product refurbishments and new technological developments for the mid to long term will underpin 2021.

HOTELS

Following our participation in the Hotel Job Redesign Initiative in 2019, this year, we have also pledged to the President's Challenge of Enabling Employment Pledge to empower persons with disabilities; furthering inclusiveness as a workplace.



Guiding guests to check in to our hotel with SafeEntry



Room sanitisation seal

With the COVID-19 outbreak, our hotels deepened our commitment to best practices of good sanitation and hygiene, and have obtained SG Clean Certification. Among our achievements for the year, we were also awarded with Building and Construction Authority (BCA) Green Mark Goldplus. In addition, Equarius Hotel was named as one of the Top 25 hotels in Singapore for Best Service and Best Luxury in Travellers' Choice 2020 by TripAdvisor.

As part of our support of the nation's effort in the fight against the pandemic, some of our hotels have been designated as stay-home-notice ("SHN") facilities for individuals serving SHN.

While we are still supporting the government in providing SHN facilities, our reopened hotels rolled out specially-curated staycation packages which have been extremely well-received by our local residents.

FOOD AND BEVERAGE (F&B)

During the circuit breaker, the RWS F&B and culinary team was instrumental in catering for the Community Care Facilities at Singapore EXPO & MAX Atria, providing nutritious packed meals for the residents.

Since Singapore's Phase Two reopening, RWS has reopened six specialty restaurants, including Michelin-starred table65 which retained its 2019 Michelin star status, as well as multiple casino restaurants, and Malaysian Food Street.



table65 – Toh Thy San Duck



Staycation at the Beach Villas



Singapore's first hybrid pilot event at RWS

MEETINGS, INCENTIVES, CONVENTIONS AND EXHIBITIONS (MICE)

2020 has been a challenging year for RWS MICE with the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. Whilst the pandemic has severely disrupted the industry, RWS hosted Singapore's first hybrid pilot event – a three-day business conference in August 2020. By applying Singapore Tourism Board's Safe Business Event Framework, the event, held in Southeast Asia for the first time, allowed us to showcase our capabilities in running Business-Leisure events of the future, as well as establishing a best-in-class operating standards for all event safety measures.

With the gradual resumption of MICE events since October 2020, we continue to leverage the crisis as an opportunity to innovate and up-skill. Our MICE team is ready to provide tailored events through a wide range of services, facilities and solutions, depending on our clients' needs.

With our recent win of the Best Business Event Venue Experience for Singapore MICE Forum 2019 (SACEOS) at the Singapore Tourism Awards 2020, we will continue to re-create more experiential and memorable events with our partners.

ATTRACTIONS

Although it has been a difficult year for Universal Studios Singapore and S.E.A. Aquarium due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the RWS Attractions team banded together to continue to create memorable moments for all its guests with safety as the top priority.

Safe Management Measures ("SMMs") were implemented upon both parks' reopening in July 2020. In addition to capacity controls, temperature screening as well as SafeEntry check-in for all guests and our team members are mandatory. Further measures included implementing safe distancing markers affixed on the ground to remind guests on safe distancing, anti-microbial coating applied to high-touch point areas and air ionisers deployed throughout indoor spaces to enhance cleanliness. With these SMMs in place, Universal Studios Singapore and S.E.A. Aquarium were certified as SG Clean Attractions.

Innovative practices, ever more important, during this crisis were implemented across RWS. 14 self-service kiosks selling attractions tickets have been deployed in Universal Studios Singapore and hotels to improve productivity and service quality. To further provide seamless guest experience, facial recognition devices were introduced at the turnstiles at Universal Studios Singapore. This would also lay the foundation to better equip the team in delivering more personalised experiences. Behind-the-scenes, new in-house workplace learning programmes were developed with dual delivery modes; accessible in-person and virtually. Trainers were equipped with skills on how to conduct virtual learning, and trainees continued to participate actively online, ensuring similar engagement levels and efficacy as in-person learning.



Guests taking selfie at TRANSFORMERS The Ride

Despite these challenging times, both Universal Studios Singapore and S.E.A. Aquarium continued to record numerous highlights. For the first time, guests could dress up in their best Halloween costume for Universal Studios Singapore's Halloween Fun for Everyone and S.E.A. Aquarium's Deep Boo Sea events. Guests got into the Halloween mood and scored tricky treats from candy ambassadors and competed to be crowned the "best-dressed" attendee. Responses for both events were overwhelming.

The top Christmas spectacle, A Universal Christmas, made a sparkling comeback with a touch of glamour. Featuring interactive and quirky movie sets like the upturned Topsy Turvy Christmas house and Up! Up! And Away with Christmas hot air balloon, guests were immersed in Santa's own magical movie land. Guests also had a chance to meet Universal Studios Singapore's most popular characters including the mischievous Minions in an all-new meet & greet, "The Merry Minions of Christmas!", which was conducted in a socially distanced manner. Santa also hosted an inaugural Facebook Live on Christmas Day with Mr. Christmas to give away amazing prizes.

Over at the S.E.A. Aquarium's A SEAA-son of Rediscovery, the aquarium was transformed into a merry wonderland to share fun and passion for ocean conservation and gifts for everyone. Re-zoned to nine distinct areas, guests were greeted with a brand new underwater experience boosted with refreshed educational content with immersive audio-visual experiences.

S.E.A. Aquarium maintained its relentless pursuit in conservation and education, inspiring the exploration and protection of the ocean and its inhabitants. S.E.A. Aquarium partnered with Early Childhood Development Agency (ECDA) in their annual "Start Small, Dream Big" initiative and Innovation Grant Project, equipping pre-school educators and pupils with knowledge on marine animals and conservation.

In October 2020, the aquarium added a new immersive zone, extending the visitor journey from the tropical rainforest and intertidal coastal terrains to the underwater cities of the brightly-hued corals. The zone showcased several exciting newborn marine animals, a result of the aquarium's successful husbandry.



Children experiencing the Discovery Pool



Coral reef habitat



Aqua Gastronomy

ENTERTAINMENT

The year of the Rat started strongly with specially-curated experiences in our attractions. Festive celebrations featured a special dragon trail and Minion in a Year of the Rat costume in Universal Studios Singapore, and a special underwater dragon dance in S.E.A. Aquarium.

When RWS reopened in the third quarter of 2020, the guest experience was re-imagined and revolutionised with the immersive Aqua Gastronomy. For the first time ever at the S.E.A. Aquarium, eight beautifully decorated dining pods took centre stage, creating intimate dining spaces set against the breathtaking Open Ocean Habitat. Befitting this theatrical backdrop was a four-course modern Asian culinary journey designed by the chefs of Ocean Restaurant and Forest 森. Aqua Gastronomy garnered overwhelming buzz, with dining availability selling out quickly at each new release of dates.

Rediscovery was the buzzword over at S.E.A. Aquarium, where it unravelled a new underwater experience with fresh educational content and an enhanced level of immersion. The culmination of 2020's offering was the much-awaited festive encore to Aqua Gastronomy with a holiday menu and thematic décor inspired by the beauty of winter.

HUMAN CAPITAL

Human capital development continued to be the core of our organisation's transformation this year. We worked closely with Workforce Singapore (WSG) and SkillsFuture Singapore (SSG) on programmes focusing on tourism skills and Worker 4.0 training to transform our workforce through re-skilling and upgrading.

We participated in the Government's workforce initiatives including Job Redesign Place & Train Programme, Capability Transfer Programme, Industry Catalyst Programme, Professional Conversion Programme, Mentor Assistance Programme, Enhanced Training Support Scheme and Enhanced Work-Life Grant in achieving greater productivity and delivering better service to our guests. We have redesigned jobs across RWS to develop cross-functional capabilities and shift from transactional processing jobs to guest relations and visitor experience.

We were honoured to have been awarded the SkillsFuture Employer Awards (Non-SME) 2020 by SSG. This award serves as an encouragement to our team members to continue to re-skill, up-skill and future-proof their capabilities to be future-ready for a new normal and digitalised world as well as for the expansion and growth ahead of RWS 2.0.



SkillsFuture Employer Awards Ceremony

Corporate Social Responsibility

RWS Cares

Genting Singapore remains committed to giving back and positively impacting the community through RWS Cares – our corporate social responsibility platform – even during an unprecedented year marked by the COVID-19 pandemic.



Mr Tan Hee Teck, Chief Executive Officer of RWS, with our volunteers

Resorts World Sentosa (“RWS”) supports and stands united with the Singapore Government in the national effort to contain community spread of COVID-19. Staying true to the Group’s kampong spirit, RWS stepped forward as Managing Agent of Singapore’s two largest Community Care Facilities (“CCF”) at Singapore EXPO & MAX Atria and the Big Box warehouse mall with a combined capacity of 11,000 beds, or equivalent to nearly 27% of bed spaces in all CCFs in Singapore.

More than 2,000 team members have volunteered for this community effort since April 2020, testament to the Group’s strong culture of volunteerism, clocking in more than 344,000 volunteers hours throughout this period. As part of a whole-of-society effort demonstrating public-private partnership in action, RWS contributed our expertise and capabilities in managing large-scale, non-medical facilities to support the Ministry of Health

and the Ministry of National Development. Working closely alongside government agencies, healthcare professionals and industry partners, our role – as Managing Agent – was to provide a comfortable environment for COVID-19 patients to rest and recover.

Within a short time span of six days when the CCF at Singapore EXPO & MAX Atria was first announced to when the first residents arrived, RWS was able to successfully and efficiently install systems infrastructure, and mobilised volunteers in critical non-medical roles to run operations at the facility.

Harnessing their skills and experience in running large-scale integrated resort operations, team members manned a 24/7 operations command centre which oversaw surveillance monitoring, incident tracking and call centre handling resident

inquiries. They also provided a suite of one-stop residency services comprising day-to-day duties such as pre-arrival co-ordination, admission and discharge, patient engagement, cleaning and sanitisation, housekeeping, meal management and supply of daily necessities.

While caring for the residents, our priority was also to safeguard the health, safety and well-being of our team members. Every volunteer received thorough and comprehensive training from infection control specialists before commencing their duties. These included the wearing and de-gowning of personal protective equipment including N95 masks, face shields and gloves. Additional safety measures such as team segregation, safe distancing, staggered meal times and installation of screen dividers reinforced discipline and vigilance.



RWS volunteers in action

On top of looking after the daily needs of residents, our team member volunteers also organised many engagement sessions to encourage them and keep them motivated and in good spirits. For example, residents participated in exercise workouts, art therapy sessions and tucked into delicious treats during festive celebrations.

"Even though we have to pack about 800 to 1,000 kits for the residents daily, it is important that we deliver this so that we can support the on-site operations and make a difference. It may be back-breaking work, but the positive energy and sense of teamwork that I feel when working with my colleagues and volunteers motivates me."

Genevieve Tan, Event Services

"We are both familiar with the logistics of handling park operations, and seeing how stretched healthcare workers were, we thought that it was a perfect time for us to step in and help. It's not always about what you'll get. To us, it's about what you can give, and that's all that matters."

Zyman Tan and Angeline Ooi, Universal Studios Singapore

"While volunteering at the CCF, I saw many worried faces among the residents and many of them miss their families or are concerned about their recovery. It is my privilege to be able to help the residents rest and recover, and cheer them up whenever we can. This will help build a positive mindset in the residents and keep their spirits high."

Azkhairulzafie bin Azman, Hotel Michael and Crockfords Tower



Over the years, RWS has supported Children for Children, an annual community fundraising event in Singapore in celebration of Children's Day. This year, RWS sponsored 1,000 primary school children from low income homes with a pair of tickets each to Universal Studios Singapore. At a time when families are transitioning to a new normal in this pandemic, RWS is committed to bring hope and cheer to underprivileged children and help them discover their potential. A trip to Universal Studios Singapore means a lot to our young friends where they can enjoy the many thrilling rides and meet their favourite characters. As RWS resumed operations of its award-winning and popular attractions, we are proud to play a role as a community venue for family bonding and friendship especially after one-and-a-half months of circuit breaker measures.



Children for Children event © The RICE Company Limited

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

The environment remains in need of care and conservation despite the COVID-19 pandemic. As daily lives regain some degree of normalcy, S.E.A. Aquarium resumed its work, taking new approaches to maintain efforts in outreach and engagement for both team members and the general public.

In conjunction with Earth Day on 22 April 2020, the team at S.E.A. Aquarium organised a one-day online engagement event with Youth Corps Singapore (YCS), discussing the effects of climate change on the marine environment. The event was held over YCS social messaging account on Telegram to engage participants using quizzes, info-graphics and videos.

The months of April to June in 2020 were designated as the Attractions Service Excellence and Training team's "Conservation Quarter". This year, working with the Education, Conservation and Research team, environmentally-friendly recommendations, tips and tricks were uploaded weekly onto our digital platforms to encourage fellow team members to take up and support the cause.

World Oceans Day coincided with the Conservation Quarter on 8 June 2020, and is a significant annual event for S.E.A. Aquarium. While we were unable to celebrate World Oceans Day physically with our guests in the aquarium this year, we leveraged the reach of our social media accounts and created content to engage our fans and followers to celebrate World Oceans Day with us wherever they were.

The Education, Conservation and Research team at S.E.A. Aquarium also acts as the internal advisor for RWS's aquarium



100% sustainable seafood menu at Aqua Gastronomy

dining experience at Ocean Restaurant on sustainable seafood and procurement practices. The sold-out multisensory dining event, Aqua Gastronomy, featured 100% sustainable seafood menus, exemplifying that it is possible to create spectacular flavours while ensuring that our oceans are still protected.

SUSTAINABILITY

The world experienced one of the most significant periods of public health challenge with COVID-19 pandemic and climate threats with extreme weather events in the past 12 months. While it created strong headwinds for countries and businesses around the world, it also raised awareness on the importance of Environmental, Social, and Corporate Governance (ESG) matters and created strong momentum for renewed level of unity and ambition to tackle environmental, social and public health challenges.

RWS remains resolute in the advancement of our sustainability efforts in five key focus areas – People, Customer, Community, Environment and Marketplace. Some of the key highlights include:

Community: Leveraging our strength in hospitality and expertise in managing large-scale, non-medical facilities, we stepped forward as Managing Agent of Singapore’s two largest national Community Care Facilities (CCF) at the Singapore EXPO & MAX Atria as well as the Big Box warehouse mall which represented 27% of total national bed space.

People and Customer: We implemented various Safe Management Measures to safeguard our team members and guests from COVID-19 to minimise the risk of transmission. Currently, anti-microbial coatings are applied on the high-touch point surfaces, over 600 sets of Plasma Cluster Ionisers are deployed resort-wide and High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filters are installed in the air exchange system. In recognition of our commitment to further gender equality and data transparency, we are included in the Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index (GEI) which recognises organisations that exceed global performance threshold for gender equality.

Environment: We continue to make good stride on climate actions with over 81% and 64% cumulative energy and water consumption savings compared to 2013 respectively. We also reduced 46% in waste sent for incineration. In recognition of our sustained effort in packaging water reduction, we were accorded the Top Achievement Award for Singapore Packaging Agreement Awards 2020 for the third consecutive year.

Marketplace: For advancement made in responsible sourcing, fair and ethical business process, we were accorded the Chartered Institute of Procurement & Supply (CIPS) Asia Supply Management Awards 2020 for successful digital procurement transformation and earned high commendation for impactful positive contribution from sustained responsible sourcing efforts.

We will continue to review our long term sustainability targets for 2021-2030 to address emerging trends, risks and opportunities as well as advance our sustainability goals in support of United Nation’s Sustainable Development Goals, Paris Climate Agreement and Singapore Sustainable Blueprint plans.

For more information, please refer to our Sustainability Report 2020 which is available on the Company’s corporate website.



Team member volunteering at CCF



Resort-wide Safe Management Measures



Environmental friendly Beach Villas



Sustainable food sourcing

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

It is the policy of the Company to manage the affairs of the Group in accordance with the appropriate standards for good corporate governance. Set out below is the report, which outlines the corporate governance policies, statements, processes and practices adopted by the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 ("FY2020"), which, in all material aspects, comply with the principles and provisions set out in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance 2018 ("Code 2018").

A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(i) The Board's Conduct of its Affairs

Principle 1

The Board has overall responsibility to lead and control the Company, and for the proper conduct of the Company's business including overseeing the Group's business performance and affairs, setting and guiding strategic directions and objectives, providing entrepreneurial leadership, establishing a framework of prudent and effective controls, reviewing management performance, identifying key stakeholder groups, setting the Company's values and standards, and considering sustainability issues as part of its strategic formulation.

The Board meets on a quarterly basis and additionally as required. Matters specifically reserved for the Board's decision include overall strategic direction, interested person transactions, annual operating plan, capital expenditure plan, material acquisitions and disposals, major capital projects and the monitoring of the Group's operating and financial performance. The Group has internal guidelines which set out the authorisation limits for approval by Management of capital expenditures and operating expenses up to certain material limits, above which Board approval is required.

Formal Board Committees established by the Board in accordance with the Code 2018 and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") Listing Rules, namely, the Audit and Risk Committee, the Nominating Committee and the Remuneration Committee, assist the Board in the discharge of its duties. Clear terms of reference ("TOR") set out the duties, authority and accountabilities of each committee as well as qualifications for committee membership, in line with the Code 2018, where applicable. The Chairman of each Board Committee reports to the Board on any significant matters discussed and decisions made by the respective Board Committees in the relevant quarter. The TORs are reviewed on a regular basis, along with the committee structures and membership, to ensure their continued relevance.

During FY2020, the number of Board and Board Committee meetings held and the attendance at those meetings are set out below:

Name of Directors	Board	Audit and Risk Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee
	Number of Meetings Attended	*Number of Meetings Attended	Number of Meetings Attended	Number of Meetings Attended
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	5 out of 5	–	1 out of 1	–
Mr Tan Hee Teck	5 out of 5	–	–	–
Mr Koh Seow Chuan ⁺	2 out of 2	3 out of 3	1 out of 1	1 out of 1
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina	5 out of 5	5 out of 5	1 out of 1	1 out of 1
Mr Tan Wah Yeow [@]	5 out of 5	5 out of 5	–	–
Mr Jonathan Asherson [^]	5 out of 5	–	1 out of 1	1 out of 1
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston ^{>}	3 out of 3	2 out of 2	–	–

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Notes:

- * The total number of Audit and Risk Committee meetings includes the special meeting held between Independent Non-Executive Directors and the external auditor without the presence of any Non-Independent Executive Director.
- + Mr Koh Seow Chuan resigned as a Director of the Company and ceased to be Chairman of the Nominating Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Committee and the Remuneration Committee on 6 August 2020.
- @ Mr Tan Wah Yeow was appointed as a Member of the Remuneration Committee on 6 August 2020.
- ^ Mr Jonathan Asherson was appointed as Chairman of the Nominating Committee on 6 August 2020.
- > Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston was appointed as a Director of the Company and member of the Audit and Risk Committee on 31 July 2020.

The Company's Constitution provides for the convening of Board or Board Committee meetings by way of telephonic or similar means of communication.

Director Training and Development

Newly appointed Directors are provided with information about the Group and are encouraged to visit the sites of the Group's operating units to familiarise themselves with the Group's business practices. They will also be acquainted with key senior executives and provided with their contact details, so as to facilitate Board interaction with, and independent access to, such executives. Upon appointment of a new Director, a formal letter of appointment and information relating to his/her duties, obligations and the commitment expected of him/her, will be issued to him/her. The Company maintains a policy for Directors to receive training, at the Company's expense, in areas relevant to them in the discharge of their duties as Directors or Board Committee members, such as relevant new laws or updates on commercial areas. The Board values ongoing professional development and recognises that it is important that all Directors receive regular training so as to be able to serve effectively on, and contribute to, the Board. To ensure that Directors are able to fulfil their obligations and to continually improve the performance of the Board, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development during the term of their appointment.

The Directors are also updated at each Board meeting on business and strategic developments. Where required, the Company Secretary and external professionals bring to the Directors' attention relevant updates on accounting standards and regulations.

Access to Information

To assist the Board in the discharge of its duties, Management supplies the Board with complete, adequate and timely information. Notice of meetings setting out the agenda, along with the supporting papers providing the background and explanatory information such as, where applicable, resources needed, financial impact, expected benefits, risk analysis, mitigation measures, conclusions and recommendations, are sent to the Directors ahead of each Board Meeting to enable the Directors to peruse, obtain additional information and/or seek further clarification on the matters to be deliberated. Any material variance between projections and actual results will be explained to the Board or Board Committees at their respective meetings. Any additional information and/or materials requested by Directors are furnished promptly by Management. Employees who possess the relevant knowledge and where necessary, external consultants or advisers, are invited to attend the Board or Board Committee meetings to answer any queries the Directors may have. The Board also has separate and independent access to members of Management.

Directors have access to all information and records of the Company, and may at any time seek the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary ensures good information flows between the Board and the Board Committees and between the Independent Non-Executive Directors and Management, as well as compliance with Board procedures. The Company Secretary facilitates the orientation of new Directors, organising training programmes for the Directors as required. The Company Secretary attends all Board and Board Committee meetings. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary are subject to the approval of the Board.

As a Group practice, any Director who wishes to seek independent professional advice in the furtherance of his/her duties may do so at the Group's expense.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

(ii) Board Composition and Guidance

Principle 2

Board Composition

The Company is led by an effective Board comprising a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Non-Independent Executive Directors are Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, the Executive Chairman, and Mr Tan Hee Teck, the President and Chief Operating Officer ("COO"). Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston are the Independent Non-Executive Directors, who provide the strong and independent element required for the Board to function effectively. The Independent Non-Executive Directors constructively challenge, critically review and thoroughly discuss key issues and help develop proposals on strategy, as well as review the performance of Management in meeting identified goals and monitor the reporting of performance. They also participate as members of and/or chair each of the Audit and Risk Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nominating Committee. All Directors exercise due diligence and independent judgment and make decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company. Any potential conflicts of interest are taken into consideration.

Independence

The Board, taking into account the views of the Nominating Committee, determines the independence of each Director annually or as and when circumstances require, based on the Code 2018 and the SGX-ST Listing Rules. A Director is considered independent if he/she and his/her immediate family have no relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the Director's independent business judgment in the best interests of the Company. The Nominating Committee also takes into account the existence of the relationships and circumstances identified by the SGX-ST Listing Rules and corresponding Practice Guidance of the Code 2018 when reviewing the independence of a Director. Such relationships and circumstances include, *inter alia*, the employment of a Director by the Company or any of its related corporations during the financial year under review or in any of the past three financial years; a Director who has been on the Board for an aggregate period of more than nine years; a Director providing to or receiving from the Company or any of its subsidiaries significant payments or material services during the financial year in question or the previous financial year, other than compensation for board service; and a Director being related to any organisation to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries made, or from which the Company or any of its subsidiaries received, significant payments or material services during the financial year in question or the previous financial year.

There are no material relationships (including immediate family relationships) between each Director and the other Directors, the Company or its substantial shareholders, except Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, whose relationship with the Company and its substantial shareholders is disclosed on pages 111 and 112 of this Annual Report.

Based on the recommendation of the Nominating Committee, the Board considers that Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston are Independent Non-Executive Directors. Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, the Executive Chairman, and Mr Tan Hee Teck, the President and COO, are Non-Independent Executive Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board Diversity

The Company is committed to building a diverse, inclusive and dynamic corporate culture and promotes diversity as a key attribute of a well-functioning and effective Board. The Company has in place a Board Diversity Policy, which acknowledges the benefits of having a diverse Board to avoid groupthink and foster robust discussions. The Board continues to consider the differences in the skill sets, industry disciplines, educational backgrounds, business, entrepreneurial and management experiences, gender, age, ethnicity and culture, geographical backgrounds and nationalities, tenure of service and other distinguishing qualities of Directors in determining the optimal composition of the Board as part of the process for the appointment of new Directors and Board succession planning.

The Directors have wide ranging experience and collectively provide competencies in areas such as hospitality, resort management, gaming and leisure, accounting, finance, project management, cost management, quantity surveying, entrepreneurial and management experience, as well as knowledge of the Company and other relevant industry knowledge. They all have occupied or are currently occupying senior positions in the public and/or private sectors.

In respect of gender diversity, 1 out of 6 Board members, or 17% of the Board, is female. Other than the Executive Chairman and the President and COO, none of the Directors are former or current employees of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Taking into account the nature and scope of the Group's business, the Board considers that (i) its Directors possess the necessary competencies to lead and guide the Group, and (ii) the current Board size with a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors, is appropriate to facilitate effective decision making.

A brief profile of each of the Directors is presented on pages 8 to 10 of this Annual Report.

(iii) Executive Chairman and President and COO

Principle 3

The Executive Chairman, and the President and COO are separate persons to ensure an appropriate balance of power and authority, increased accountability and greater capacity of the Board for independent decision making. The Executive Chairman is responsible for formulating the Group's business strategies and policies, and the effective functioning of the Board. He facilitates and encourages constructive relations within the Board, and between the Board and Management. With the support of the Company Secretary and Management, he ensures that the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information to facilitate open and effective Board discussion and contributions by all Directors, and ensures effective communication with the shareholders. The President and COO is responsible for the Group's overall business development as well as its day-to-day operations and management. The Executive Chairman, and the President and COO are not related to each other.

Lead Independent Director

Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, the Lead Independent Director, provides leadership in situations where the Executive Chairman is conflicted. The Lead Independent Director also coordinates an annual meeting, or such meetings as required, with the other Independent Non-Executive Directors without the presence of the other Directors, and provides feedback to the Executive Chairman. Shareholders with any concerns may contact the Lead Independent Director directly, when contact through the Executive Chairman, the President and COO, or the Chief Financial Officer has failed to resolve or is inappropriate or inadequate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

(iv) Board Membership

Principle 4

Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee comprises of three members, the majority of whom, including its Chairman, are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the Nominating Committee are as follows:

- Mr Jonathan Asherson Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay Member and Non-Independent Executive Director
- Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina Member and Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, a member of the Nominating Committee, is the Lead Independent Director of the Company.

The principal functions of the Nominating Committee include the following:

- recommend to the Board the appointment of new Executive and Non-Executive Directors;
- review the Board's succession plan, in particular for the Executive Chairman, the President and COO, and key management personnel;
- evaluate and determine the independence of each Non-Executive Director;
- review, assess and if thought fit, recommend Directors who retire by rotation to be put forward for re-election;
- assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, and of each Board Committee and the contributions of each Director; and
- make recommendations to the Board relating to the review of training and professional development programmes for the Board and its Directors.

The role and functions of the Nominating Committee are set out in the Nominating Committee TOR approved by the Board.

Selection, Appointment and Re-appointment of Directors

The Nominating Committee is responsible for reviewing the succession plans for the Board. In this regard, it has put in place a formal process for the renewal of the Board and the selection of new Directors. Where the need to appoint a new Director arises, the Nominating Committee will determine the role and the desirable competencies for a particular appointment to enhance the existing Board composition. The Nominating Committee will prepare a shortlist of candidates with the appropriate profile and qualities for nomination and/or engage external search consultants to identify the candidates. The Nominating Committee will assess the candidates' suitability and make recommendations to the Board for approval. As part of the Board's succession plan, Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston was appointed as a Director of the Company during the year under review.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's Constitution provides that at least one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), and that each Director shall retire from office at least once every three years. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election. All new Directors appointed by the Board shall only hold office until the next AGM, and be eligible for re-appointment at the AGM. The Nominating Committee is charged with the responsibility of re-nomination having regard to the Director's contribution and performance (such as attendance, preparedness, participation and candor), with reference to the results of the assessment of the performance of the individual Director by his/her peers.

The Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming AGM are Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston. Taking into account, among others, these Directors' participation during and outside the formal Board and Board Committee meetings, as well as their contributions, the Board accepted the Nominating Committee's recommendations to put forth these Directors for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Detailed information on Directors to be re-elected is set out under "Board of Directors" and Explanatory Notes to "Notice of AGM" in this Annual Report, in accordance with Rule 720(6) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules. Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston have individually given a negative disclosure on each of the items set out in Appendix 7.4.1 (a) to (k) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

Annual Review of Directors' Independence

The Nominating Committee reviews annually the independence declaration made by the Independent Non-Executive Directors based on the criterion of independence under the guidelines provided in the Code 2018 and the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

Based on each Independent Non-Executive Director's annual confirmation of independence in respect of the year under review, the Nominating Committee (save for Mr Jonathan Asherson and Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina who abstained from deliberations relating to themselves) considered and determined that Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Nominating Committee viewed that they are independent in character and judgment and there were no circumstances which would likely affect or appear to affect their judgment.

Directors' Time Commitment

Although some of the Directors have other listed company board representations or principal commitments, the Nominating Committee believes that the effectiveness of a Director is best assessed by his/her attendance and contributions at meetings of the Board and Board Committees, his/her time commitment to the affairs of the Company, and his/her qualitative contribution to the Board, and it would not be necessary to put a maximum limit on the number of listed company board representations and other principal commitments of each Director. The Nominating Committee takes the view that the number of listed company directorships a Director may hold should be considered on a case-by-case basis, as each Director's available time and attention may be affected by many different factors, including the nature of his/her responsibilities for his/her other commitments. The Nominating Committee will continue to review from time to time the respective Directors' other board representations and principal commitments to ensure that all Directors are able to meet the demands of the Group and discharge their duties adequately. The Company has no alternate Directors on its Board.

The Board does not impose any limit on the length of service of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, as the Board takes the view that a more critical consideration in ascertaining the effectiveness of each such Director's independence is his/her ability to exercise independence of mind and judgment to act honestly and in the best interests of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

(v) **Board Performance**

Principle 5

During the year under review, the Nominating Committee evaluated and assessed the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees, and the performance and independence of each Director. To assist the Nominating Committee in its evaluation and assessment, each Director submitted his/her written assessment of the Board's and the Board Committees' effectiveness, and of the other Directors' contributions. The performance criteria for the Board and Board Committees evaluation took into account, among others, the Board composition, size of Board, degree of independence, quality and timeliness of information, interaction with Management, balance of focus between internal matters and external concerns, Board accountability and effectiveness of Board Committees. The Directors' performance criteria focused on, among others, interactive skills, industry knowledge, attendance at meetings and commitments of Directors.

The compiled evaluation and assessment results were presented and discussed at a meeting of the Nominating Committee. Key areas for improvement and relevant follow-up actions were highlighted at the meeting.

Following such review, the Nominating Committee and Board were of the view that the Board and Board Committees operated effectively and that each Director contributed to the effectiveness of the Board. The Nominating Committee and Board were also satisfied that each Director devoted sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company.

B. REMUNERATION MATTERS

(i) **Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies, and Level and Mix of Remuneration**

Principles 6 and 7

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, all of whom, including its Chairman, are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| • Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina | Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director |
| • Mr Jonathan Asherson | Member and Independent Non-Executive Director |
| • Mr Tan Wah Yeow | Member and Independent Non-Executive Director |

The principal functions of the Remuneration Committee include the following:

- review and recommend to the Board a framework of remuneration including policy matters with regards to annual salary adjustments and variable bonuses;
- review and recommend to the Board specific remuneration packages for Directors and key management personnel; and
- administer the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme ("PSS").

The roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the Remuneration Committee TOR approved by the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Remuneration Committee ensures that the Independent Non-Executive Directors are not over-compensated to the extent that their independence may be compromised. The Remuneration Committee takes into account factors such as increased focus on risk and governance issues, the responsibilities and level, and quality of contributions including attendance and time spent at and outside the formal environment of Board and Board Committee meetings, and increased reporting obligations in compliance with the Casino Control Act (Cap. 33A) ("CCA").

The Independent Non-Executive Directors have no service contracts. Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration packages.

All the Directors, except for Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston who was appointed as a Director of the Company on 31 July 2020, have been granted performance share awards under the PSS during the year under review. Details of the PSS are set out in Note 22(a) to the financial statements.

There are no termination, retirement or post-employment benefits granted to the Directors or the top five key management personnel in FY2020.

The Remuneration Committee reviews and recommends the framework of remuneration for the Executive Chairman, the President and COO, and key management personnel. In doing so, they adopt the compensation principles of ensuring sustainability in the long run by seeking an appropriate balance between fixed and variable compensation, linking rewards to performance, and furthering the Company's ability to attract and retain key talent so as to deliver long term shareholders' returns.

In carrying out its duties, the Remuneration Committee has joint discussions with the Head of Human Resources, and has the discretion to invite any officer to attend the meetings. The Remuneration Committee may also obtain such external or other independent professional advice as it considers necessary.

Remuneration for the Executive Chairman and the President and COO

The remuneration packages of the Executive Chairman, and the President and COO comprise a base salary, variable bonus and grant of performance share awards. A proportion of the remuneration of the Executive Chairman, and the President and COO is in the form of variable or "at risk" compensation, given in the form of performance share awards. The performance share awards are designed to align the interests of the Executive Chairman, and the President and COO with those of shareholders and link rewards to corporate and individual performance. The service contracts of the Executive Chairman, and the President and COO contain reasonable termination clauses, which are not overly generous, or adverse to the Company.

Remuneration for key management personnel

The remuneration packages of the key management personnel also comprise a base salary, variable bonus and grant of performance share awards. A proportion of the remuneration of the key management personnel is in the form of variable or "at risk" compensation, given in the form of performance share awards. The performance share awards have a deferred payment schedule, and may be withheld or forfeited if any key management personnel are undergoing any investigations or disciplinary proceedings.

The Remuneration Committee recognises that the Group operates in a multifaceted environment and reviews remuneration through a process that considers Group, business unit and individual performance as well as relevant comparative remuneration in the market. The performance evaluation for the Executive Chairman, the President and COO and the key management personnel has been conducted in accordance with the above considerations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Remuneration for other employees

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval, the compensation for employees of various grades including bonus payments and annual salary increments. The Remuneration Committee further considered and recommended for the Board's approval, the grant of performance share awards to eligible persons under the PSS.

(ii) **Disclosure on Remuneration**

Principle 8

Directors' fee structure for the financial year ending 31 December 2021

The Remuneration Committee reviewed the fee structure for the Directors which was last revised in 2017. The Remuneration Committee recommended and the Board resolved to adopt the same fee structure without changes for the financial year ending 31 December 2021 ("FY2021") as follows:

Fee Structure for Non-Independent Executive Directors (on a per annum basis)	Fee Structure for Independent Non-Executive Directors (on a per annum basis)						
	Board	Audit and Risk Committee		Remuneration Committee		Nominating Committee	
	Member	Chairman	Member	Chairman	Member	Chairman	Member
\$15,000	\$150,000	\$120,000	\$75,000	\$65,000	\$45,000	\$50,000	\$35,000

Notes:

- Non-Independent Executive Directors who serve on any Board Committees are not entitled to receive additional fees for serving on any such Board Committees.
- Attendance fees payable to each Director: \$3,000 per meeting and \$1,000 per teleconference meeting.

The Directors' fees are computed based on the anticipated number of Directors, as well as Board and Board Committee meetings. For FY2021, assuming full attendance by all the Directors, the Directors' fees will be \$1,981,000, subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM. In the event that the amount proposed is insufficient, approval will be sought at the next AGM before payments are made to the Directors for the shortfall.

To facilitate the payment of Directors' fees during the financial year in which the fees are incurred, the Board resolved to accept the Remuneration Committee's recommendations above and submit the Directors' fees for FY2021 for approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosure on Directors' remuneration

The Company believes that the disclosure in bands of \$250,000 provides sufficient overview of the remuneration of the Directors. The Directors in service in FY2020, whose total remuneration during FY2020 fall within the following bands, are as follows:

Name of Director	Fee (%)	Salary (%)	Bonus (%)	Defined Contribution Plan (%)	Benefits- in-kind (%)	Total Remuneration ⁽¹⁾ (%)
<u>Non-Independent</u>						
<u>Executive Directors</u>						
<i>From \$21,250,000 to below \$21,500,000</i>						
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	0.1	18.7	81.1	0.1	0.0	100.0
<i>From \$2,750,000 to below \$3,000,000</i>						
Mr Tan Hee Teck	1.0	81.2	17.0	0.8	0.0	100.0
<u>Independent</u>						
<u>Non-Executive Directors</u>						
<i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i>						
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Mr Tan Wah Yeow	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
<i>From \$0 to below \$250,000</i>						
Koh Seow Chuan ⁽²⁾	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston ⁽³⁾	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Mr Jonathan Asherson	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0

Notes:

- (1) Total Remuneration is the sum of Fees, Salary, Bonus, Defined Contribution Plan and Benefits-in-kind for FY2020. For number of performance share awards granted to Directors, please refer to the Directors' Statement on page 46 of this Annual Report.
- (2) Mr Koh Seow Chuan resigned as a Director of the Company on 6 August 2020.
- (3) Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston was appointed as a Director of the Company on 31 July 2020.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosure on remuneration of top five key management personnel (who are not Directors of the Company)

The Company has provided a Group-wide cross-section of top five key management personnel's remuneration and their names in bands of \$250,000. The Company believes that this disclosure, which provides sufficient overview of the remuneration of the Group while maintaining confidentiality of employee remuneration matters, is in the best interests of the Group given the competitive and specialised conditions in our industry.

The remuneration of the top five key management personnel of the Group (who are not Directors of the Company) still in service as at the end of FY2020, whose total remuneration during FY2020 fall within the following bands, is as follows:

Key Management Personnel	Total Remuneration⁽¹⁾
Ms Lee Shi Ruh	<i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i>
Ms Nanami Kasasaki	<i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i>
Mr Alan Teo Aung Peng	<i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i>
Mr Mark Chee Weng Hun	<i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i>
Mr Melvyn Boey Kum Hoong	<i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i>

Notes:

- (1) Total Remuneration is the sum of Fees, Salary, Bonus, Defined Contribution Plan and Benefits-in-kind for FY2020. The number of performance share awards granted in 2020 under the PSS to Ms Lee Shi Ruh, Ms Nanami Kasasaki, Mr Alan Teo Aung Peng, Mr Mark Chee Weng Hun and Mr Melvyn Boey Kum Hoong were 1,160,000, 5,715,000, 510,000, 455,000 and 606,250 respectively. The subsequent vesting of these performance share awards is subject to pre-agreed service and/or performance conditions being achieved over the performance period.

The aggregate remuneration (including performance share awards) of the five key management personnel above in FY2020 was \$4,045,000.

During FY2020, no executive of the Group was an immediate family member (as defined in the SGX-ST Listing Rules) of any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company.

C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Accountability

The Board provides a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects through the annual review of operations in the Annual Report, periodic financial statements and other announcements released via SGXNet and the analysts briefings. In turn, Management provides the Board with balanced and understandable accounts of the Group's performance, position and prospects on a regular basis and as and when the Board requires. Regular reports are submitted by RWS to the CRA, in compliance with the CCA, its regulations, the approved internal control codes and guiding principles (pursuant to Section 138 of the CCA) or as otherwise directed by the CRA.

The Directors are also required by the Companies Act (Cap. 50) and the rules and regulations of the SGX-ST to prepare full year financial statements for each financial year. The financial statements as set out in this Annual Report have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) and the Companies Act (Cap. 50), and give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the results and cash flows of the Group for the financial year.

In compliance with Rule 720(1) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules, the Company has procured undertakings from all its Directors and executive officers in the form prescribed by the SGX-ST.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

(i) **Audit and Risk Committee**

Principle 10

The Audit and Risk Committee comprises three members, all of whom, including its Chairman, are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the Audit and Risk Committee are as follows:

- | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| • | Mr Tan Wah Yeow | Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director |
| • | Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina | Member and Independent Non-Executive Director |
| • | Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston | Member and Independent Non-Executive Director |

The Audit and Risk Committee Chairman, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, was the Deputy Managing Partner of KPMG Singapore. He brings with him a wealth of accounting and financial expertise and experience to the Audit and Risk Committee. The other Audit and Risk Committee members have accounting or related financial management experience. No member of the Audit and Risk Committee is a former partner or director of the Company's existing auditing firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC").

The principal functions of the Audit and Risk Committee include the following:

- review the annual consolidated financial statements and the external auditor's report on those financial statements, and discuss any significant adjustments, major risk areas, changes in accounting policies, compliance with applicable financial reporting standards, concerns and issues arising from their audits including any matters which the auditors may wish to discuss in the absence of Management, where necessary, before submission to the Board for approval;
- review the half-year and full-year consolidated financial statements comprising the profit and loss statements and the balance sheets and such other information required in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SGX-ST, before submission to the Board for approval;
- review the work of the external auditor and the internal auditor, including their audit plans, the results of their review and evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems including but not limited to financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls and risk management systems;
- oversee the Group's risk management process and framework, including the following:
 - review the level of risk tolerance, the risk strategies and policies adopted to ensure accurate and timely reporting of significant exposures and critical risks; and
 - review the risk reports and Management's response to the findings;
- review and discuss with external and internal auditors, on any key audit matters including but not limited to suspected fraud, irregularity or infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Group's operating results or financial position and the Management's response;
- meet with the external auditor and with the internal auditor without the presence of Management, at least annually, to discuss any problems and concerns they may have;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- review annually the scope and results of the audit and its cost effectiveness as well as the independence and objectivity of the external auditor;
- review the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control and risk management systems;
- review the adequacy, effectiveness and independence of the Group's internal audit function;
- review the assurance from the President and COO, and the Chief Financial Officer on the financial records and financial statements;
- review the co-operation given by Management to the external auditor;
- consider the appointment, remuneration, terms of engagement, re-appointment and if necessary, removal of the external auditor taking into consideration independence and objectivity of such external auditor;
- review, approve and ratify any interested person transactions falling within the scope of Chapter 9 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules;
- review conflicts of interest;
- review and implement arrangements by which employees may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting and to ensure that arrangements are in place for the independent investigations of such matter and for appropriate follow-up;
- undertake such other reviews and projects as may be requested by the Board, and report to the Board its findings from time to time on matters arising and requiring the attention of the Audit and Risk Committee; and
- undertake generally such other functions and duties as may be required by applicable laws or regulations, the SGX-ST Listing Rules and/or guided by the Code 2018.

The role and functions of the Audit and Risk Committee are set out in the Audit and Risk Committee TOR approved by the Board.

During the year under review, the activities of the Audit and Risk Committee included the review of the volume and nature of the non-audit services provided by the external auditor. The Audit and Risk Committee did not find anything that would cause them to believe that the nature and provision of such services would affect the independence and objectivity of the external auditor given that such services relate largely to compliance with the CCA and with requirements of other regulatory authorities. Hence, the Audit and Risk Committee recommended that PwC be nominated for re-appointment as auditor at the forthcoming AGM. PwC has indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment. Details of audit and non-audit fees paid/payable to PwC are found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The Group is in compliance with Rules 712 and 715 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules in relation to the appointment of its auditor.

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The Audit and Risk Committee also met up with the internal and external auditors without the presence of Management, to address any concerns in respect of their findings in FY2020.

Through the Audit and Risk Committee, the Company maintains an appropriate and transparent relationship with the external auditor. The external auditor is invited to attend the Audit and Risk Committee meetings to present its audit plans and reports and to answer any queries the Audit and Risk Committee may have on the financial statements. During the year under review, the external auditor highlighted to the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board significant matters that required the Audit and Risk Committee's and the Board's attention arising from their audit of the financial statements. In this regard, the Audit and Risk Committee reviewed, and discussed with the external auditor, the following significant matters:

- *Impairment of trade receivables*

In assessing the impairment of trade receivables, Management reviews such trade receivables for objective evidence of impairment. Impairment assessment, performed quarterly, requires significant judgment in relation to credit evaluation. A credit committee assesses the credit quality of customers taking into account the customer's payment profile, credit exposure and other factors.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviewed Management's process and methodology for assessing the impairment of trade receivables. After consideration, the Audit and Risk Committee was satisfied that the impairment of trade receivables in respect of the year under review is adequate and appropriate.

The Audit and Risk Committee also has access to and receives periodic updates from the external auditor as required, to keep abreast of changes to accounting standards and issues which impact the Group's financial statements. The Audit and Risk Committee is authorised to investigate any matter within its TOR. In discharging its duties, the Audit and Risk Committee is provided with adequate resources, has full access to, and the co-operation of, Management and the internal auditor. The Audit and Risk Committee has full discretion to invite any Director, executive officer, external consultant or adviser to attend its meetings.

The Company has in place a comprehensive whistle-blowing policy to provide guidance for employees and external parties on how to raise concerns in order that issues can be addressed. Please refer to section H for more details on the policy.

(ii) Risk Management, Internal Controls and Internal Audit

Principle 9

The Board, with the assistance of the Audit and Risk Committee, is responsible for determining the Group's levels of risk appetite and risk policies, and overseeing Management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the Group's system of internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) and risk management systems, and for reviewing its adequacy and effectiveness. The Board determines the nature and extent of the significant risks which the Company is willing to take in achieving its strategic objectives and value creation.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Internal Audit Department (“Internal Audit”) is responsible for undertaking regular and systematic review of the internal controls to provide the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board with assurance that the systems of internal control are adequate and effective in addressing the risks identified. Such review is performed based on the Standards for the Professional Practices of Internal Auditing set by The Institute of Internal Auditors. Internal Audit reports primarily to the Audit and Risk Committee, adheres to the Institute of Internal Auditors’ Code of Ethics, and functions independently of the activities it audits.

The appointment, termination and remuneration of the Head of Internal Audit are reviewed and endorsed by the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee. The Head of Internal Audit has unfettered access to the Group’s documents, records, properties and personnel, as well as access to the Audit and Risk Committee.

On a quarterly basis, Internal Audit submits audit reports and the plan status for review and approval by the Audit and Risk Committee. Included in the reports are recommended corrective measures on risks and control matters identified, if any, for implementation by Management.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews and approves the annual internal audit plans. Annually, the Audit and Risk Committee also ensures that the internal audit function is independent, effective, adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Group to perform its functions effectively. The Head of Internal Audit and all of the Internal Audit staff of managerial grade and above are either Chartered Accountants, Certified Information System Auditors or Certified Internal Auditors. A private session is scheduled annually for the Audit and Risk Committee to meet up with the Head of Internal Audit, without the presence of Management, to discuss any specific matters or concerns.

Based on the reports and plans submitted by Internal Audit, the Audit and Risk Committee is satisfied that in respect of the year under review, the internal audit function of the Group is independent, effective and adequately resourced.

The Management Risk Committee is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Group’s risk management policies and processes, and their effectiveness for the Group.

A risk management framework has been developed and meets the principles and guidelines of the Code 2018. Under the risk management framework, the Group has set risk appetite statements and specific risk parameters, to align Management in the identification, assessment, and review of risks.

All business units are involved in identifying and evaluating risks in a bottom up approach using the risk management framework. The heads of business units are required to provide assurance for their respective risks and the effectiveness of the risk controls. Material findings and recommendations in respect of significant risk matters are regularly reported to the Audit and Risk Committee.

In respect of FY2020, the Board has received assurance from (i) the President and COO, and the Chief Financial Officer that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company’s and the Group’s operations and finances; and (ii) the President and COO, and other key management personnel who are responsible, that the Group’s risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Group, information furnished to the Board and the internal and external audits conducted, the Board, with the concurrence of the Audit and Risk Committee, is of the view that the system of internal controls, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls, and risk management systems were adequate and effective as at 31 December 2020 in meeting the needs of the Group's existing business objectives, having addressed the critical risk areas.

The Group's system of internal controls and risk management provides reasonable assurance against foreseeable events that may adversely affect the Group's business objectives. The Board notes no system of internal controls and risk management can provide absolute assurance in this regard, or against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities.

D. SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

(i) Shareholder Rights and Conduct of General Meetings

Principle 11

The Group acknowledges the importance of timely and equal dissemination of material information to shareholders, investors and the public at large. Hence, all material price-sensitive information is released through SGXNet, and then posted on the corporate website of the Company so that all shareholders, investors and the general public are updated of the latest developments on a timely and consistent basis. On the rare occasion where such information is inadvertently disclosed to a select group, the same information will be released to the public via SGXNet and/or the press as promptly as possible.

The Company's AGM is an important forum for dialogue with shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in the proceedings and ask questions about the resolutions being proposed and the operations of the Group. The Company's Constitution permits a member of the Company to appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote at the AGM on his behalf. The relevant intermediaries (as defined in the Companies Act (Cap. 50)) may appoint more than two proxies.

Shareholders are informed of shareholders' meetings through notices published in the press, released via SGXNet and posted on the Company's corporate website. Shareholders are accorded the opportunity to raise relevant questions and to communicate their views at shareholders' meetings. Voting in absentia such as by mail, email or fax has not been implemented as issues remain over shareholder authentication and other related security and integrity concerns.

Separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each distinct issue, unless the resolutions are inter-dependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. Information on each item in the AGM agenda is disclosed in the AGM notice and in the Letter to Shareholders. The chairpersons of the various Board Committees, Management, the external auditor and where necessary, the advisors, are present to assist the Directors to answer any relevant queries by the shareholders.

The Company subjects all resolutions to voting by poll and shareholders are informed of the applicable rules and voting procedures. The results of the votes are announced during the AGM itself and are also released via SGXNet. Minutes of the AGM are posted on the Company's corporate website.

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In view of the COVID-19 situation, the Company convened and held its AGM in 2020 ("AGM 2020") by electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Alternative arrangements relating to, among others, attendance at the AGM 2020 via electronic means (including arrangements by which the meeting can be electronically accessed via live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream), submission of questions in advance of the AGM 2020, addressing of substantial and relevant questions at the AGM 2020 and/or voting by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy at the AGM, were put in place for the AGM 2020.

Dividend Policy

The Company aims to deliver a sustainable dividend to shareholders, after taking into account the Group's financial performance, short and long-term capital requirements, future investment plans, and general global and business economic conditions. The Board will endeavor to maintain a balance between shareholders' expectations and prudent capital management.

(ii) Engagement with Shareholders

Principle 12

The Company has in place an investor relations policy which allows for an ongoing exchange of views so as to actively engage and promote regular, effective and fair communications with shareholders. The investor relations policy sets out the mechanism through which shareholders may contact the Company with questions and through which the Company may respond to such questions.

The Group maintains a corporate website at www.gentingsingapore.com. The website has a dedicated and easily identifiable "Investors" section where shareholders and other interested parties can find useful information relating to the Group's latest financial information, news and announcements and annual reports.

As stated in the Company's SGXNet announcement dated 10 March 2020, following amendments to the SGX-ST Listing Rules which took effect on 7 February 2020, the Company has decided not to continue with quarterly reporting commencing from FY2020 and has instead released the financial statements of the Company and the Group on a half-yearly basis. Conference calls are conducted after each half-yearly financial results announcement. The date of release of each half-yearly financial results is announced through SGXNet four weeks in advance.

The Group has a dedicated in-house Investor Relations team ("IR Team"). The IR Team holds regular update briefings with analysts and attends corporate access events to maintain regular dialogue with shareholders as well as to solicit and understand the views of shareholders. The Group also hosts individual and group meetings with investors to give them a better understanding of the businesses of the Group. The Group also participates in relevant investor forums held in Singapore and abroad.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

E. MANAGING STAKEHOLDER RELATIONS

Engagement with Stakeholders

Principle 13

The Company acknowledges that the stakeholder engagement is essential to its long-term growth, and has been reporting its engagement activities in its annual sustainability report, in accordance with Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standards – Comprehensive. Aligned with the Group's priorities, the Company identifies its key stakeholder groups and reaches out to them via the respective engagement channels based on their areas of interests.

Please refer to Stakeholder Engagement's section in the Company's Sustainability Report 2020 on pages 12 to 13 for more information on how the Company manages its stakeholder relationships.

F. SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company complies with the best practices in dealings in securities, as set out under Rule 1207(19) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules. In this regard, the Company has adopted a Code of Best Practices on Dealings in Securities, to provide appropriate guidance to Directors and officers on dealings in the Company's securities. During FY2020, all Directors and officers were not permitted to deal in the securities of the Company during the period commencing two weeks before the announcement of the Company's first and third quarter voluntary quarterly business updates, and one month before the announcement of its half-year and full-year results, and ending on the date of the announcement of the relevant voluntary quarterly business updates or results. Reminders were issued prior to the applicable trading black-outs. The Company's Directors and officers, who are expected to observe insider trading laws at all times, were also reminded not to deal in the Company's securities on short-term considerations, or whilst in possession of unpublished material price-sensitive information relating to the securities of the Company.

G. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct, which provides guidance on the principles and best practices of the Company, founded on the basis of promoting the highest standards of personal and professional integrity, honesty and values, in employees' daily activities.

The Code of Conduct covers various aspects that employees are expected to ensure compliance with in the course of their employment and/or representing the Company. These aspects include conflicts of interests, confidentiality of information, fair dealing, non-solicitation, entertainment and gifts, rightful use of the Company's information and assets, communication with media and authorities, workplace safety and environment, and all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. Employees are required to comply with the Company's policies at all times. The Company adopts a zero level of tolerance towards fraudulent behavior and/or willful misconduct by its employees.

Through the employees' observance of such principles and best practices, the Company believes that the public's confidence in the Management of the Company will be further enhanced.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

H. WHISTLE-BLOWING POLICY

The Company and its group of companies are committed to achieving compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, accounting and audit standards. The Audit and Risk Committee has accordingly established the whistle-blowing policy to guide employees and external parties to raise concerns or complaints about possible improprieties regarding abuse of power, non-compliance of rules and regulations/code of conduct and fraud/misconduct. Employees and external parties will be protected from reprisals where complaints are made in good faith, and are assured that their reports will be treated fairly. The Whistle Blow Team from Internal Audit Department maintains a record of all concerns or complaints, the investigation and resolution, and prepares a periodic summary thereof for the Audit and Risk Committee. The Company's whistle-blowing policy is available on the Company's website at www.gentingsingapore.com to facilitate the reporting of possible improprieties. It includes a dedicated hotline number, email address and a direct channel to the Chairman of Audit and Risk Committee. Such arrangements help ensure independent investigation of matters raised and allow appropriate actions to be taken.

I. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Except as disclosed under section J, no material contracts to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party which involved the interest of the Directors or controlling shareholders subsisted at, or have been entered into, in FY2020.

J. INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

Name of interested person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920) \$'000	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 (excluding transactions less than \$100,000) \$'000
Genting Hong Kong Limited Group Sale of Goods and Services Purchase of Goods and Services	An associate of a person who is the Company's director and controlling shareholder	120 –	761 49
Genting Malaysia Berhad Group Sale of Goods and Services Purchase of Goods and Services	An associate of a person who is the Company's director and controlling shareholder	99 2	– 8
International Resort Management Services Pte. Ltd. Sale of Goods and Services Purchase of Goods and Services	An associate of a person who is the Company's director and controlling shareholder	16 –	196 –

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURES

This summary of disclosures describes the Company's corporate governance practices with specific reference to the express disclosure requirements in the principles and provisions of the Code 2018 pursuant to Rule 710 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

Express Disclosure Requirements in the Principles and Provisions of the Code 2018	Page reference in the Company's Annual Report 2020
Provision 1.2 The induction, training and development provided to new and existing Directors.	Page 23
Provision 1.3 Matters that require Board approval.	Page 22
Provision 1.4 Names of the members of Board Committees, the terms of reference of the Board Committees, any delegation of the Board's authority to make decisions, and a summary of each committee's activities.	Pages 26-37
Provision 1.5 The number of meetings of the Board and Board Committees held in the year, as well as the attendance of every Board member at these meetings.	Pages 22-23
Provision 2.4 The Board diversity policy and progress made towards implementing the Board diversity policy, including objectives.	Page 25
Provision 4.3 Process for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors to the Board, including the criteria used to identify and evaluate potential new directors and channels used in searching for appropriate candidates.	Pages 26-27
Provision 4.4 Where the Board considers a Director to be independent in spite of the existence of a relationship which may affect his or her independence, the nature of the Directors' relationship and the reasons for considering him or her as independent should be disclosed.	Not applicable
Provision 4.5 The listed company directorships and principal commitments of each Director, and where a Director holds a significant number of such directorships and commitments, the Nominating Committee's and Board's reasoned assessment of the ability of the Director to diligently discharge his or her duties are disclosed.	Pages 8-10 and 27
Provision 5.2 How the assessments of the Board, its Board Committees and each Director have been conducted, including the identity of any external facilitator and its connection, if any, with the Company or any of its Directors.	Page 28

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURES

Provision 6.4 The Company discloses the engagement of any remuneration consultants and their independence.	Not applicable for FY2020
Principle 8 Clear disclosure of remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.	Pages 28-30
Provision 8.1 The Company discloses the policy and criteria for setting remuneration, as well as names, amounts and breakdown of remuneration of (a) each individual Director and the CEO; and (b) at least the top five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO) in bands no wider than \$250,000 and in aggregate the total remuneration paid to these key management personnel.	Pages 28-32
Provision 8.2 Names and remuneration of employees who are substantial shareholders of the Company, or are immediate family members of a Director, the CEO or a substantial shareholder of the Company, and whose remuneration exceeds \$100,000 during the year, in bands no wider than \$100,000. The disclosure states clearly the employee's relationship with the relevant Director or the CEO or substantial shareholder.	Page 32
Provision 8.3 The Company discloses all forms of remuneration and other payments and benefits, paid by the Company and its subsidiaries to Directors and key management personnel of the Company, and also discloses details of employee share schemes.	Pages 30-32, and 45-46
Provision 9.2 Whether the Board has received assurance from (a) the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances; and (b) the CEO and other key management personnel who are responsible, regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems.	Page 36
Provision 11.3 Directors' attendance at general meetings of shareholders held during the financial year.	Page 37
Provision 12.1 The steps taken to solicit and understand the views of shareholders.	Page 38
Provision 13.2 The strategy and key areas of focus in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships during the reporting period.	Page 39 Please refer to the Company's Sustainability Report 2020 for more details

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of Genting Singapore Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

In the opinion of the Directors,

- (a) the financial statements set out on pages 49 to 106 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020, the financial performance and cash flows of the Group, and the changes in equity of the Group and of the Company, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	(Executive Chairman)
Mr Tan Hee Teck	(President and Chief Operating Officer)
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina	
Mr Tan Wah Yeow	
Mr Jonathan Asherson	
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	(Appointed on 31 July 2020)

Mr Koh Seow Chuan has resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 6 August 2020.

ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, except for performance shares granted under the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings, none of the Directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares or debentures of the Company or its related corporations, except as follows:

	Holdings registered in the name of Director		Holdings in which the Director is deemed to have an interest	
	At 31.12.2020	At 1.1.2020 or date of appointment	At 31.12.2020	At 1.1.2020 or date of appointment
Genting Singapore Limited				
(Ordinary shares)				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	14,945,063	14,195,063	6,353,828,069	6,353,828,069
Tan Hee Teck	16,500,000	15,750,000	9,600	9,600
Chan Swee Liang Carolina	125,000	–	–	–
Tan Wah Yeow	250,000	125,000	–	–
Jonathan Asherson	250,000	125,000	–	–
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	243,000*	243,000*	43,200	43,200
(Performance shares)				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	750,000	750,000	–	–
Tan Hee Teck	28,750,000	2,250,000	–	–
Chan Swee Liang Carolina	625,000	125,000	–	–
Tan Wah Yeow	625,000	125,000	–	–
Jonathan Asherson	625,000	125,000	–	–
Genting Berhad				
(Ordinary shares)				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	68,119,980	68,119,980	1,655,936,110	1,643,407,510
Genting Malaysia Berhad				
(Ordinary shares)				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	24,973,544	20,003,648	2,798,368,043	2,797,646,913
Tan Hee Teck	–	–	80,000	80,000
(Long Term Incentive Plan)				
Restricted Share Plan				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	3,870,869	4,365,094	1,251,800	686,900
Performance Share Plan				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	6,531,397	11,007,068	3,748,416	1,981,714
Genting Plantations Berhad				
(Ordinary shares)				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	442,800	442,800	488,406,000	488,406,000

* 233,000 ordinary shares are jointly held by Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston and his spouse.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

By virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act"), Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay is deemed to have interests in shares of the subsidiaries held by the Company.

There were no changes in any of the above-mentioned interests in the Company between the end of financial year and 21 January 2021.

GENTING SINGAPORE PERFORMANCE SHARE SCHEME ("PSS")

On 8 August 2007, the shareholders of the Company approved the PSS for eligible Group executives, Group executive directors and non-executive directors, for an initial period of up to 7 August 2017 (the "Initial Period"). Under the PSS, the Company will deliver shares granted under a performance share award by issuing new shares and/or transferring treasury shares to the participants. The performance share awards represent the right of a participant to receive fully-paid shares free of charge, upon the participant satisfying the criteria set out in the PSS and upon satisfying such criteria as may be imposed. During the Initial Period, the total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS on any date shall not exceed 208,853,893 shares and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under such other share-based incentives schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares (excluding treasury shares) of the Company from time to time.

On 21 April 2016, the shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the rules of the PSS and the extension of the duration of the PSS for a further period of 10 years, from 8 August 2017 to 7 August 2027 (both dates inclusive) (the "Extended Period"). During the Extended Period, the total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS on any date shall not exceed 420,433,143 shares and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under the PSS prior to the Extended Period and such other share-based incentives schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time.

The Company operates short-term and long-term performance share awards. The use of both types of performance share awards ensures that there is equal emphasis on short and longer term performance horizons.

Performance share awards are accorded to employees who contribute towards achieving the strategic goals and profitability of the Group. The performance share awards are provisional in nature, and will vest subject to meeting various vesting conditions approved by the Remuneration Committee. Such vesting conditions include individual performance conditions and service conditions, such as continued employment with the Group and satisfactory performance throughout the relevant period. Under specific circumstances, the terms of the performance share awards allow for the forfeiture of unvested performance share awards or clawback of vested performance share awards.

The vesting of performance shares granted under the PSS is subject to the achieving of pre-agreed service and/or performance conditions over the performance period. The PSS is administered by the Remuneration Committee.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

GENTING SINGAPORE PERFORMANCE SHARE SCHEME ("PSS") (CONTINUED)

During the financial year, the number of performance shares granted, vested and lapsed under the PSS are as follows:

Date of Grant	At 1.1.2020	Number of Performance Shares			At 31.12.2020
		Granted	Vested	Lapsed	
02.05.2018	500,000	–	(500,000)	–	–
22.02.2019	3,500,000	–	(2,000,000)	–	1,500,000
01.03.2019	8,215,000	–	(4,807,300)	(507,700)	2,900,000
12.02.2020	–	3,500,000	–	(125,000)	3,375,000
25.02.2020	–	263,000	(263,000)	–	–
02.03.2020	–	45,111,000	–	(1,725,000)	43,386,000
Total	12,215,000	48,874,000	(7,570,300)	(2,357,700)	51,161,000

The summary of the total number of performance shares granted, vested, lapsed and outstanding as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	Performance shares granted during financial year ended 31.12.2020	Aggregate performance shares granted since the commencement of the PSS to 31.12.2020*	Aggregate performance shares vested since the commencement of the PSS to 31.12.2020*	Aggregate performance shares lapsed since the commencement of the PSS to 31.12.2020*	Aggregate performance shares outstanding as at 31.12.2020
Directors					
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	750,000	9,750,000	(8,760,000)	(240,000)	750,000
Tan Hee Teck	27,250,000	64,880,000	(33,969,100)	(2,160,900)	28,750,000
Chan Swee Liang Carolina	625,000	750,000	(125,000)	–	625,000
Tan Wah Yeow	625,000	875,000	(250,000)	–	625,000
Jonathan Asherson	625,000	875,000	(250,000)	–	625,000
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	–	–	–	–	–
Other participants	18,999,000	146,272,500	(94,109,290)	(32,377,210)	19,786,000
	48,874,000	223,402,500	(137,463,390)	(34,778,110)	51,161,000

* Aggregate of the performance shares granted/vested/lapsed (as the case may be) in respect of the Initial Period and Extended Period.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

SHARE OPTIONS

During the financial year, there were:

- (a) no options granted to take up unissued shares of the Company; and
- (b) no shares issued by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company.

There were no unissued shares of the Company under option at the end of the financial year.

AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

At the date of this statement, the Audit and Risk Committee comprises the following members, all of whom are non-executive and independent Directors:

Mr Tan Wah Yeow (Chairman)
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston

The Audit and Risk Committee carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Act, the Listing Rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and the Code of Corporate Governance 2018.

In performing its functions, the Audit and Risk Committee met with the Company's external and internal auditors to discuss the scope of their work, their audit plans, the results of their examination and their evaluation of the Company's internal accounting control system.

The Audit and Risk Committee also reviewed, *inter alia*, the following:

- assistance provided by the Company's officers to the external auditor;
- half year and full year consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company prior to their submission to the Directors of the Company for adoption; and
- interested person transactions (as defined in Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST).

The Audit and Risk Committee has full access to the Management and is given the resources required for it to discharge its functions. It has full authority and the discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings. The Audit and Risk Committee also recommends the appointment of the external auditor and reviews the level of audit and non-audit fees.

The Audit and Risk Committee is satisfied with the independence and objectivity of the external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, and has recommended to the Board of Directors that, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, be nominated for re-appointment as auditor at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

AUDITOR

The auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Directors,

TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY

Executive Chairman

MR TAN HEE TECK

Director/President and
Chief Operating Officer

Singapore

9 February 2021

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

		Group	
	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Revenue	4	1,063,749	2,480,340
Cost of sales [^]		(831,893)	(1,451,319)
Gross profit		231,856	1,029,021
Other operating income		12,204	14,417
Interest income		45,546	80,073
Administrative expenses		(131,075)	(193,806)
Selling and distribution expenses		(17,155)	(61,682)
Other operating expenses		(25,597)	(4,609)
Operating profit		115,779	863,414
Finance costs	5	(4,047)	(20,495)
Share of results of joint venture		1,244	3,987
Profit before taxation	6	112,976	846,906
Taxation	7	(43,735)	(158,302)
Net profit for the financial year		69,241	688,604
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company		69,241	688,604
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency exchange differences		(781)	113
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the financial year, net of tax		(781)	113
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		68,460	688,717
Total comprehensive income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company		68,460	688,717
		Group	
		2020	2019
Earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company			
Basic earnings per share (cents)	8	0.57	5.71
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	8	0.57	5.71

[^] Included in cost of sales for the year ended 31 December 2020 is net reversal of impairment on trade receivables (Note 6) amounting to \$22,820,000 (2019: net impairment on trade receivables amounting to \$101,128,000).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

		Group		Company	
	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	9	4,453,307	4,667,062	419	143
Intangible assets	10	131,293	152,880	–	–
Interests in joint venture	11	63,483	62,239	–	–
Interests in subsidiaries	12	–	–	3,215,005	2,218,522
Deferred tax assets	13	111	276	–	–
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14	37,916	233,251	–	–
Trade and other receivables	15	7,431	971	388,896	388,541
		4,693,541	5,116,679	3,604,320	2,607,206
Current assets					
Inventories	16	43,784	48,695	–	–
Trade and other receivables	15	56,143	137,454	198,423	413,111
Cash and cash equivalents	17	3,994,084	3,947,250	2,406,853	3,529,675
		4,094,011	4,133,399	2,605,276	3,942,786
Less: Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	18	343,130	489,474	120,922	155,177
Borrowings	19	3,977	3,991	325	56
Income tax liabilities		116,142	209,906	15,288	15,471
		463,249	703,371	136,535	170,704
Net current assets		3,630,762	3,430,028	2,468,741	3,772,082
Total assets less current liabilities		8,324,303	8,546,707	6,073,061	6,379,288
Equity					
Share capital	21	5,527,705	5,527,705	5,527,705	5,527,705
Treasury shares	21	(23,485)	(29,541)	(23,485)	(29,541)
Other reserves	22	19,217	16,774	12,051	9,475
Retained earnings		2,312,123	2,542,651	300,684	624,803
Attributable to ordinary shareholders		7,835,560	8,057,589	5,816,955	6,132,442
Non-controlling interests		2	2	–	–
Total equity		7,835,562	8,057,591	5,816,955	6,132,442
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	13	225,525	231,382	–	–
Borrowings	19	262,792	256,654	256,049	246,789
Provision for retirement gratuities	23	205	263	57	57
Other payables	18	219	817	–	–
		488,741	489,116	256,106	246,846
Total equity and non-current liabilities		8,324,303	8,546,707	6,073,061	6,379,288

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Group	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company						Non-controlling interests \$'000	Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Subtotal \$'000		
As at 1 January 2020	5,527,705	(29,541)	9,479	7,295	2,542,651	8,057,589	2	8,057,591
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	-	-	69,241	69,241	-	69,241
- Profit for the year	-	-	-	(781)	-	(781)	-	(781)
- Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners:								
Performance share schemes:								
- Value of employee services	-	-	11,131	-	-	11,131	-	11,131
- Treasury shares reissued	-	6,056	(7,907)	-	1,851	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(301,620)	(301,620)	-	(301,620)
Total transactions with owners	-	6,056	3,224	-	(299,769)	(290,489)	-	(290,489)
As at 31 December 2020	5,527,705	(23,485)	12,703	6,514	2,312,123	7,835,560	2	7,835,562

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Group	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company						Non-controlling interests \$'000	Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Subtotal \$'000		
As at 1 January 2019	5,527,705	(35,349)	8,060	7,182	2,273,747	7,781,345	2	7,781,347
Total comprehensive income								
– Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	688,604	688,604	–	688,604
– Other comprehensive income	–	–	–	113	–	113	–	113
Transactions with owners:								
Performance share schemes:								
– Value of employee services	–	–	9,530	–	–	9,530	–	9,530
– Treasury shares reissued	–	5,808	(8,111)	–	2,303	–	–	–
Dividends paid	–	–	–	–	(422,003)	(422,003)	–	(422,003)
Total transactions with owners	–	5,808	1,419	–	(419,700)	(412,473)	–	(412,473)
As at 31 December 2019	5,527,705	(29,541)	9,479	7,295	2,542,651	8,057,589	2	8,057,591

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Company	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company				
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000
As at 1 January 2020	5,527,705	(29,541)	9,479	(4)	624,803
Total comprehensive loss					6,132,442
– Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(24,350)
– Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(648)	-
Transactions with owners:					(648)
Performance share schemes:					
– Value of employee services	-	-	11,131	-	-
– Treasury shares reissued	-	6,056	(7,907)	-	1,851
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(301,620)
Total transactions with owners	-	6,056	3,224	-	(299,769)
As at 31 December 2020	5,527,705	(23,485)	12,703	(652)	300,684
					5,816,955

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Company	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company					Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	
As at 1 January 2019	5,527,705	(35,349)	8,060	(83)	407,332	5,907,665
Total comprehensive income						
– Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	637,171	637,171
– Other comprehensive income	–	–	–	79	–	79
Transactions with owners:						
Performance share schemes:						
– Value of employee services	–	–	9,530	–	–	9,530
– Treasury shares reissued	–	5,808	(8,111)	–	2,303	–
Dividends paid	–	–	–	–	(422,003)	(422,003)
Total transactions with owners	–	5,808	1,419	–	(419,700)	(412,473)
As at 31 December 2019	5,527,705	(29,541)	9,479	(4)	624,803	6,132,442

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

		Group	
	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Net cash generated from operating activities	A	246,510	1,085,880
Investing activities			
Property, plant and equipment:			
– Proceeds from disposals		1,381	834
– Purchases		(88,295)	(171,534)
Additions of intangible assets		(4,440)	(75,712)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		205,630	–
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		114,276	(246,412)
Financing activities			
Interest paid		(3,056)	(12,529)
Dividends paid		(301,620)	(422,003)
Repayment of bank borrowings		–	(785,000)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(4,875)	(4,802)
Restricted cash (deposit released as security for loan repayments and interest)		–	118,851
Net cash used in financing activities		(309,551)	(1,105,483)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		51,235	(266,015)
Beginning of financial year		3,947,250	4,214,237
Net inflow/(outflow)		51,235	(266,015)
Effects of exchange rate changes		(4,401)	(972)
End of financial year	17	3,994,084	3,947,250

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Note A – Net cash generated from operating activities

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Profit before taxation for the financial year	112,976	846,906
Adjustments for:		
Property, plant and equipment:		
– Depreciation	276,384	363,656
– Net gain on disposals	(1,783)	(862)
– Written off	4,567	1,281
– Impairment	20,076	294
Amortisation of:		
– Intangible assets	26,027	26,145
– Borrowing costs	379	8,753
Net (reversal of impairment)/impairment on trade receivables	(22,820)	101,128
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(8,273)	(13,551)
Share-based payment	11,131	9,530
Inventory write-down	3,417	792
Finance charges	3,668	11,742
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	5,120	2,425
Interest income	(45,546)	(80,073)
Share of results of joint venture	(1,244)	(3,987)
Write-back of retirement gratuities	(59)	(156)
	271,044	427,117
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	384,020	1,274,023
Changes in working capital:		
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	1,494	(682)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	77,166	(100,987)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(138,579)	34,895
	(59,919)	(66,774)
Cash generated from operating activities	324,101	1,207,249
Interest received	65,599	86,116
Net taxation paid	(143,190)	(207,414)
Retirement gratuities paid	–	(71)
Net cash generated from operating activities	246,510	1,085,880

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Group	Bank borrowings \$'000	Lease liabilities \$'000	Bonds \$'000	Total \$'000
2020				
Beginning of financial year	–	13,859	246,786	260,645
Principal payments	–	(4,875)	–	(4,875)
<u>Non-cash changes</u>				
– Additions	–	3,495	–	3,495
– Disposals	–	(1,641)	–	(1,641)
– Foreign exchange movement	–	(59)	8,825	8,766
– Amortisation of borrowing costs	–	–	379	379
End of financial year	–	10,779	255,990	266,769
2019				
Beginning of financial year	776,613	16,158	245,799	1,038,570
Principal payments	(785,000)	(4,802)	–	(789,802)
<u>Non-cash changes</u>				
– Additions	–	4,422	–	4,422
– Disposals	–	(1,772)	–	(1,772)
– Foreign exchange movement	–	(147)	621	474
– Amortisation of borrowing costs	8,387	–	366	8,753
End of financial year	–	13,859	246,786	260,645

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. GENERAL

Genting Singapore Limited is listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST").

The address of the Company's registered office is 10 Sentosa Gateway, Resorts World Sentosa, Singapore 098270.

The Company's principal activity is that of an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries include the development and operation of integrated resort, operation of casinos, provision of sales and marketing support services to leisure and hospitality related businesses and investments.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with SFRS(I)s requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. It also requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2020

On 1 January 2020, the Group and the Company have adopted the new or amended SFRS(I)s that are effective for financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2020. The adoption of the new SFRS(I)s did not result in any significant changes to the accounting policies and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial years.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group and the Company in the current or foreseeable future reporting periods.

2.2 Group accounting

(a) Subsidiaries

(i) Consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Group accounting (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

(i) Consolidation (Continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between the Group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment indicator of the transferred asset. Where necessary, accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the statement of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(ii) Acquisitions

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group. Under this method, the cost of an acquisition of a subsidiary or business is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition. The cost of acquisition also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill (see accounting policy note on intangible assets). If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Group accounting (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

(iii) Disposals

When a change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. The profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and the liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to retained earnings if required by a specific standard.

Any retained equity interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Joint venture

The Group's interests in joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Equity accounting involves recognising the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of joint venture in profit or loss and its share of post-acquisition movements within reserve is recognised in other comprehensive income. These post-acquisition movements and distributions are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

The Group recognises the portion of gains or losses on the sale of assets by the Group to the joint venture that is attributable to the other venturer. The Group does not recognise its share of profits or losses from joint venture that results from the purchase of assets by the Group from the joint venture, until it resells the assets to an independent party. However, if a loss on the transaction provides evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of current assets or an impairment loss, the loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where necessary, in applying the equity method, adjustments have been made to the financial statements of joint venture to ensure consistency of accounting policies with those of the Group.

(c) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Company. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interest and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue attributable to the award of benefits measured at fair value is deferred until they are utilised. Revenue is shown as net of goods and services tax, and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Gaming revenue represents net house takings, which is the aggregate of wins and losses arising from gaming play, and is reported after deduction of goods and services tax, commissions, discounts and loyalty points awarded to customers. Complimentary goods or services provided by the Group is allocated to the appropriate revenue type based on the goods and services provided, at the standalone selling price of each good and service.

Hotel room revenue is recognised at the time of room occupancy.

Attraction revenue is recognised when tickets are used. Revenue from annual passes is amortised over the period of their validity.

Food and beverage, retail sales and other hospitality and support services are recognised when goods are delivered or services are rendered to the customers.

Rental income from retail outlets, net of any incentives given to the lessee, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the respective lease terms.

2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment except for freehold land is initially recognised at cost and is subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items including borrowing costs and realised gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges incurred specifically for the construction or development of the asset. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the depreciable amounts of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Estimated useful lives</u>
Freehold properties and improvements	25 years
Leasehold land, properties and improvements	30-99 years
Machinery, computer equipment, fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles	2-5 years
Public attractions, theme park equipment, mechanical and electrical system	10-35 years
Exhibit animals	5-15 years

Freehold land is stated at cost and is not depreciated. Leasehold land is depreciated over the lease period of 60 to 99 years. Leasehold properties and improvements are depreciated over 30 to 60 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The depreciation of leasehold land is capitalised during the period of construction as part of construction-in-progress in property, plant and equipment until the construction is completed.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to profit or loss during the financial year that they are incurred.

Construction-in-progress consists of assets and property under construction. Assets include acquired computer hardware, computer software licence and implementation cost incurred in bringing the computer system to use.

Construction-in-progress is stated at cost and is not depreciated. Costs include borrowing costs and other directly related expenditure incurred during the period of construction and up to the completion of the construction. Construction-in-progress relating to assets and property under construction is reclassified to the respective categories of property, plant and equipment upon completion of the project.

For major construction-in-progress, the cost is supported by qualified quantity surveyors' certification of work done.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Where an indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is assessed and if it is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the assets is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy note on impairment of non-financial assets).

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are included in profit or loss.

2.6 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill on acquisition

Goodwill on acquisition represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets.

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is tested at least annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose, identified according to operating segment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Intangible assets (Continued)

(b) Trademarks and tradenames

Trademarks and tradenames are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Trademarks and tradenames have an indefinite useful life as it is maintained through continuous marketing and upgrading. Trademarks and tradenames are tested annually for impairment. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of trademarks and tradenames are assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy note on impairment of non-financial assets).

(c) Licences

Casino and theme park licences are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Such cost is amortised using the straight-line method over 3 to 35 years, which is the shorter of its economic useful life and periods of contractual right. The amortisation period and amortisation method are reviewed at each reporting date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when changes arise. Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss unless the amount can be capitalised as part of construction-in-progress. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of licence is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

(d) Computer software

Computer software that does not form an integral part of other related hardware is treated as an intangible asset. Costs that are directly associated with development and acquisition of computer software programmes by the Group are capitalised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the software product so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the software product and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the software product;
- it can be demonstrated how the software product will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software product are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the software product during its development can be reliably measured.

Direct costs include staff costs of the software development team and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense when incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Intangible assets (Continued)

(d) Computer software (Continued)

Expenditure that enhances or extends the performance of computer software programmes beyond their original specifications is recognised as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

Computer software are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. These costs are amortised to profit or loss using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of 10 years.

2.7 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Company's statement of financial position. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the differences between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy note on impairment of non-financial assets).

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, including goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested at least annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation and depreciation, and investments in subsidiaries and joint venture are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units or CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment is charged to profit or loss. Impairment is reversed only to the extent that the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment been recognised in prior years for the same asset. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment on goodwill is not reversed once recognised.

2.9 Financial assets

(a) Classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss. The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial asset. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest. The Group reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

On disposal of a debt instrument, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss. Any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that asset is reclassified to profit or loss.

(c) Initial recognition

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(d) Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments mainly comprise of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, quoted and unquoted debt securities.

Debt instruments that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method.

Debt instruments that are held for trading as well as those that do not meet the criteria for classification as amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Movement in fair values and interest income is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises and presented in other gains and losses.

(e) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on the level of credit risk, which is set out in Note 26(d). For trade receivables, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.11 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised as a receivable at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Approved government grants relating to qualifying expenditure are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate, unless they are directly attributable to the construction of an item of property, plant and equipment, in which case, they are set off against the asset.

Government grants relating to expenses are presented as a deduction of the related expense.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances (net of bank overdrafts), deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 12 months or less.

2.13 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.14 Employee benefits

(a) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits include wages, salaries, bonus and paid annual leave. These benefits are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when incurred and are measured on an undiscounted basis, unless they can be capitalised as part of the cost of a self-constructed asset.

(b) Defined contribution plans

The Group contributes to defined contribution plans for some of its employees under which the Group pays fixed contributions into the employees provident funds in certain countries in which it operates on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if those funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to services provided in the current and prior periods. The Group's contributions to such plans are recognised in profit or loss as employee benefits expense when they are due, unless they can be capitalised as part of the cost of a self-constructed asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.14 Employee benefits (Continued)

(c) Long-term employee benefits

The Group provides retirement gratuities under a retirement gratuity scheme that was established in 1991 by the Board of Directors of the ultimate holding corporation for certain executives and executive directors of the Company and certain subsidiaries. The level of retirement gratuities payable is in relation to the past services rendered. The gratuity is calculated based on employees' basic salary for each completed year of service. Such benefits vest on the employees when they reach retirement age.

The present value of the retirement gratuities is determined by discounting the amount payable by reference to market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds or government bond which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. Employee turnover is also factored in arriving at the level of provision for retirement gratuities. The differences arising from the application of such discounting as well as any past service costs and the effects of any curtailments or settlements, if any, are recognised immediately in profit or loss. Such retirement gratuities payable are classified as current liabilities where it is probable that a payment will be made within the next 12 months.

(d) Share-based compensation benefits

The Group operates equity-settled, share-based compensation plans, where shares are issued by the Company to eligible executives and directors of the Group. The value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the shares is recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding entry to reserves over the vesting period. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares granted at the grant date and the number of shares vested by vesting date, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in the estimates of the number of shares that are expected to become vested.

The fair value of services received from the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries in exchange for the grant of the shares are essentially services rendered in the past, are charged out to profit or loss immediately, unless they can be capitalised as part of the cost of a self-constructed asset. Before the end of the vesting period, at each reporting date, the Company will revise its estimates of the number of shares that are expected to be vested at the vesting date and it recognises the impact of this revision in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to equity. After the vesting date, no adjustment to profit or loss is made. For performance shares that are expected to be granted, due to services received before grant date, the total amount to be recognised over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the performance shares at the end of the reporting period, until the date of grant has been established. Upon vesting of shares, reserves relating to the vested shares will be transferred to retained earnings.

Where the terms of a share-based compensation plan are modified, the expense that has yet to be recognised for the award, is recognised over the remaining vesting period as if the terms had not been modified. Additional expense is recognised for any increase in the total fair value of the share due to the modification, as measured at the date of the modification.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.14 Employee benefits (Continued)

(e) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense in profit or loss at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs that is within the scope of SFRS(I) 1-37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* and involves the payment of termination benefits.

2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event. It is more likely than not that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist where the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits received under it.

2.16 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, in which case they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs including commitment fees on credit facilities, amortisation of transaction costs and interest expenses are recognised in profit or loss unless they are directly attributable to the construction-in-progress, in which case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the self-constructed asset during the construction period.

2.17 Leases

(a) When the Group is the lessee

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Leases (Continued)

(a) When the Group is the lessee (Continued)

- Right-of-use ("ROU") assets

The Group recognises a ROU asset and lease liability at the date which the underlying asset is available for use. ROU assets are measured at cost which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and lease incentive received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the ROU assets.

These ROU assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the ROU asset or the end of the lease term.

ROU assets are presented within "Property, plant and equipment".

- Lease liabilities

The initial measurement of lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the implicit rate in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group shall use its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payment (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivables.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method and shall be remeasured when:

- There is a change in future lease payments arising from changes in the lease's implicit rate;
- There is a change in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option; or
- There are modifications in the scope or the consideration of the lease that was not part of the original term.

Lease liability is remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the ROU asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the ROU asset has been reduced to zero.

- Short-term and low value leases

Lease payments relating to short-term leases that have lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of low value leases, except for sublease arrangements, are expensed to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Leases (Continued)

(b) When the Group is the lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Lease incentives are recognised as other receivables where such incentives are provided by the Group and recognised net of lease income in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income. Contingent rents are recognised as income in profit or loss when earned.

2.18 Income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or different period, in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Tax relating to transactions or events recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(a) Current tax

Current tax is calculated according to the tax laws of each jurisdiction in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate and includes all taxes based upon the taxable income and is measured using the tax rates and tax laws which are applicable at the reporting date.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, if the deferred tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled; and based on the tax consequences that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the same reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets or liabilities.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and joint venture, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Share capital and treasury shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity when there is no contractual obligation to deliver cash or other financial assets to another person or entity or to exchange financial assets or liabilities with another person or entity that are potentially unfavourable to the issuer.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital.

When shares recognised as equity are acquired, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable transaction costs, are recorded in the treasury shares account.

When the Company purchases its own ordinary shares ("treasury shares"), they are presented as a deduction from total equity until they are cancelled, sold or reissued.

When treasury shares are subsequently sold or reissued pursuant to equity compensation plans, the cost of treasury shares is reversed from the treasury shares account and the realised gain or loss on sale or reissue, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs, is recognised in equity.

2.20 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in the functional currency of the Company which is Singapore Dollars ("S\$").

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions of each entity in the Group are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the closing rates at the reporting date of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.20 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;
- (ii) income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve. These currency translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the entity giving rise to such reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the reporting date.

2.21 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved for payment.

2.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources, making strategic decisions and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Executive Chairman, and President and Chief Operating Officer of the Group and of the Company.

2.23 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by uncertain future events beyond the control or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. When a change in the probability of an outflow of economic resources occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group. The Group does not recognise contingent assets but discloses their existence where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, but not virtually certain. When an inflow of economic resources is virtually certain, the asset is recognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will not necessarily equal the related actual results.

(a) Taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions in which the Group operates, mainly in Singapore. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes that includes the estimate of the amount of the taxability of certain income and the deductibility of certain expenses.

Where the final tax outcome of tax liabilities is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and liabilities (Notes 7 and 13), where applicable, in the period in which such determination is made.

(b) Impairment of trade receivables

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trade receivables amounted to \$246,528,000, majority of which are related to casino debtors. Trade receivables are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due, with expected loss rates assessed based on the Group's historical credit loss experience.

The Group further evaluates the expected credit loss on customers on a case-by-case basis, which will be assessed based on indicators such as changes in financial capability of the debtor, and default or significant delay in payments.

The Group's credit risk exposure for trade receivables is set out in Note 26(d).

4. REVENUE

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Gaming	700,816	1,619,667
Non-gaming		
– Hotel rooms	112,879	225,348
– Attractions	104,537	467,411
– Other non-gaming	67,103	139,630
	284,519	832,389
Rental income	16,816	27,495
Hospitality and support services and others	61,598	789
	1,063,749	2,480,340

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5. FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Interest expense:		
– Bank borrowings	–	7,080
– Bonds	1,724	1,674
– Lease liabilities	1,145	1,615
Amortisation of borrowing costs	379	8,753
Others	799	1,373
	4,047	20,495

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Included in the profit before taxation are the following expenses/(income) by nature:

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Directors' remuneration:		
– Fees and meeting allowances	1,235	1,446
– Other emoluments	33,651	18,860
Employee benefits (excluding directors' remuneration) ⁽¹⁾ :		
– Salaries and related costs	264,913	448,103
– Employer's contribution to defined contribution plan	33,308	42,872
– Write-back of retirement gratuities	(59)	(156)
– Share-based payment	1,951	6,855
Auditors' remuneration:		
– PricewaterhouseCoopers Singapore	1,462	1,735
– Other auditors	62	61
Non-audit fees paid/payable to auditors	482	762
Duties and taxes ^{(1),(2)}	129,665	282,640
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	276,384	363,656
Amortisation of intangible assets	26,027	26,145
Net (reversal of impairment)/impairment on trade receivables	(22,820)	101,128
Inventory write-down	3,417	792
Included in other operating income:		
– Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,783)	(862)
– Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(8,273)	(13,551)
Included in other operating expenses:		
– Write-off of property, plant and equipment	4,567	1,281
– Impairment of property, plant and equipment	20,076	294
– Net foreign exchange loss	954	3,034
Rental expenses on operating leases	1,011	1,324
Advertising and promotion	26,164	50,641
Utilities	31,503	49,281
Legal, professional and management fees	17,365	25,390

⁽¹⁾ The Group has recognised grant income of \$76,354,000 and \$26,748,000 relating mainly to the Jobs Support Scheme and property tax rebates respectively and these have been set off against the qualifying employee compensation and property tax expenses.

⁽²⁾ Includes property tax and casino tax that is levied on the casino's gross gaming revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

7. TAXATION

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Taxation for current financial year:		
– Current tax	56,586	200,234
– Deferred tax	(21,652)	(31,887)
	34,934	168,347
(Over)/under provision in prior financial years:		
– Current tax	(7,159)	15,519
– Deferred tax	15,960	(25,564)
	8,801	(10,045)
Total tax expense	43,735	158,302
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
Profit before taxation	112,976	846,906
Share of results of joint venture, net of tax	(1,244)	(3,987)
Profit before taxation and share of results of joint venture	111,732	842,919
Tax calculated at tax rate of 17%	18,994	143,296
Tax effects of:		
– Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	29,516	26,671
– Under/(over) provision in prior financial years	8,801	(10,045)
– Different tax rates in other countries	(1,239)	(6,555)
– Tax incentives	(144)	(199)
– Income not subject to tax	(13,190)	(1,050)
– Deferred tax assets not recognised	315	2,217
– Withholding tax	682	3,967
Total tax expense	43,735	158,302

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share have been calculated based on Group's net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	69,241	688,604

	Group	
	2020	2019
	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company	12,063,667	12,056,144
Adjustment for:		
– Share-based compensation plans	45,436	11,839
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company	12,109,103	12,067,983

Earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company is as follows:

	Group	
	2020	2019
Basic earnings per share (cents)	0.57	5.71
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	0.57	5.71

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group 2020	Freehold land \$'000	Freehold properties and improvements \$'000	Leasehold land, properties and improvements \$'000	Machinery, computer equipment, fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles \$'000	Public attractions, theme park equipment, mechanical and electrical system \$'000	Exhibit animals \$'000	Construction- in-progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost								
Beginning of financial year	132,445	18,692	3,909,248	1,055,014	2,480,114	25,001	113,294	7,733,808
Exchange differences	-	-	(572)	7	-	-	-	(565)
Additions	-	50	3,506	15,604	5,066	216	61,197	85,639
Disposals	-	-	(6,891)	(3,767)	(1,289)	(2)	-	(11,949)
Written off	-	-	(2,810)	(6,618)	(3,433)	-	(1,750)	(14,611)
Reclassification	-	-	3	11,980	12	-	(11,995)	-
Cost adjustment	-	-	92	3,159	241	(84)	(3)	3,405
End of financial year	132,445	18,742	3,902,576	1,075,379	2,480,711	25,131	160,743	7,795,727
Accumulated depreciation and impairment								
Beginning of financial year	-	6,350	853,844	929,712	1,262,917	13,923	-	3,066,746
Exchange differences	-	-	(375)	-	-	-	-	(375)
Depreciation	-	744	94,637	50,187	129,153	1,663	-	276,384
Disposals	-	-	(6,857)	(2,220)	(1,289)	(1)	-	(10,367)
Written off	-	-	(1,870)	(6,467)	(1,707)	-	-	(10,044)
Impairment	-	-	12,962	921	6,193	-	-	20,076
End of financial year	-	7,094	952,341	972,133	1,395,267	15,585	-	3,342,420
Net book value								
End of financial year	132,445	11,648	2,950,235	103,246	1,085,444	9,546	160,743	4,453,307

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

		Freehold land \$'000	Freehold properties and improvements \$'000	Leasehold land, properties and improvements \$'000	Machinery, computer equipment, fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles \$'000	Public attractions, theme park equipment, mechanical and electrical system \$'000	Exhibit animals \$'000	Construction-in-progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Group 2019									
Cost									
Beginning of financial year		132,445	18,192	3,904,042	1,025,560	2,475,417	24,994	17,346	7,597,996
Exchange differences		-	-	(448)	(1)	-	-	-	(449)
Additions		-	470	5,383	40,692	9,836	82	112,820	169,283
Disposals		-	-	-	(10,389)	-	(5)	-	(10,394)
Written off		-	-	(958)	(19,893)	(6,028)	(84)	-	(26,963)
Reclassification		-	30	21	16,821	-	-	(16,872)	-
Cost adjustment		-	-	1,208	2,224	889	14	-	4,335
End of financial year		132,445	18,692	3,909,248	1,055,014	2,480,114	25,001	113,294	7,733,808
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Beginning of financial year		-	5,612	735,739	925,147	1,058,672	12,267	-	2,737,437
Exchange differences		-	-	(302)	(7)	-	-	-	(309)
Depreciation		-	738	118,793	32,747	209,710	1,668	-	363,656
Disposals		-	-	-	(8,646)	-	(4)	-	(8,650)
Written off		-	-	(680)	(19,529)	(5,465)	(8)	-	(25,682)
Impairment		-	-	294	-	-	-	-	294
End of financial year		-	6,350	853,844	929,712	1,262,917	13,923	-	3,066,746
Net book value									
End of financial year		132,445	12,342	3,055,404	125,302	1,217,197	11,078	113,294	4,667,062

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Company	Leasehold property \$'000	Computer equipment, fixtures and fittings \$'000	Construction- in-progress \$'000	Total \$'000
2020				
Cost				
Beginning of financial year	379	438	–	817
Additions	637	12	–	649
Disposal	–	(6)	–	(6)
End of financial year	1,016	444	–	1,460
Accumulated depreciation				
Beginning of financial year	324	350	–	674
Depreciation	319	50	–	369
Disposal	–	(2)	–	(2)
End of financial year	643	398	–	1,041
Net book value				
End of financial year	373	46	–	419
2019				
Cost				
Beginning of financial year	379	388	16	783
Additions	–	34	–	34
Reclassification	–	16	(16)	–
End of financial year	379	438	–	817
Accumulated depreciation				
Beginning of financial year	–	274	–	274
Depreciation	324	76	–	400
End of financial year	324	350	–	674
Net book value				
End of financial year	55	88	–	143

ROU assets are recognised and included in leasehold land, leasehold properties, certain machinery and motor vehicles of the Group and of the Company. The details are set out in Note 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group	Trademarks and tradenames \$'000	Goodwill on acquisition \$'000	Licences \$'000	Computer software \$'000	Total \$'000
2020					
Cost					
Beginning of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	24,361	195,629
Additions	–	–	–	4,440	4,440
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	28,801	200,069
Accumulated amortisation					
Beginning of financial year	–	–	28,591	14,158	42,749
Amortisation	–	–	24,404	1,623	26,027
End of financial year	–	–	52,995	15,781	68,776
Net book value					
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	34,167	13,020	131,293
2019					
Cost					
Beginning of financial year	1,057	83,049	81,162	21,033	186,301
Additions	–	–	72,000	3,712	75,712
Written off	–	–	(66,000)	(384)	(66,384)
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	24,361	195,629
Accumulated amortisation					
Beginning of financial year	–	–	70,019	12,969	82,988
Amortisation	–	–	24,572	1,573	26,145
Written off	–	–	(66,000)	(384)	(66,384)
End of financial year	–	–	28,591	14,158	42,749
Net book value					
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	58,571	10,203	152,880

Amortisation expense of \$26,027,000 (2019: \$26,145,000) has been included in cost of sales.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's CGUs identified according to geographical areas. A segment-level summary of the allocation of goodwill with indefinite useful life is as follows:

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Goodwill attributable to:		
Singapore	83,047	83,047
Malaysia	2	2
	83,049	83,049

The goodwill attributed to the Singapore CGU mainly arose from the acquisition of the remaining 25% equity interest in Resorts World at Sentosa Pte. Ltd. ("RWSPL") which developed the first integrated resort in Singapore. The impairment test for goodwill relating to the Singapore CGU was assessed using the value-in-use method. Cash flow projections used in this calculation were based on financial budgets approved by management. The cash flow projection covers a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below. The growth rate did not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the leisure and hospitality industry in which the CGU operates.

Key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculation for 2020 include a growth rate and weighted average cost of capital ("WACC") of 2.0% and 10.2% (2019: 2.0%, 9.9%) respectively.

Based on the impairment test, no impairment is required for goodwill attributed to the Singapore CGU. A reasonably possible change in a key assumption on which management has based its determination of the CGU's recoverable amount would not cause its carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

11. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURE

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Share of net assets of joint venture:		
DCP (Sentosa) Pte. Ltd.	63,483	62,239

On 15 April 2008, RWSPL entered into a joint venture with Sentosa Leisure Management Pte. Ltd. ("SLM") to build and operate a district cooling plant on Sentosa Island, Singapore, through the formation of DCP (Sentosa) Pte. Ltd. ("DCP"), a private company incorporated in Singapore. RWSPL and SLM own 80% and 20% of the share capital of DCP respectively. DCP is deemed to be a joint venture of the Group, as both RWSPL and SLM have contractually agreed to the sharing of control in DCP.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

The summarised financial information of DCP is as follows:

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Non-current assets		
Intangible asset – leasehold land use right	4,986	5,094
Property, plant and equipment	62,414	65,795
Other receivables	47	48
	67,447	70,937
Current assets		
Trade and other receivables	15,928	7,970
Cash and cash equivalents	23,747	26,984
	39,675	34,954
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	(3,051)	(3,341)
Income tax liabilities	(1,151)	(1,329)
Lease liabilities	(169)	–
	(4,371)	(4,670)
Non-current liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities	(6,429)	(6,813)
Lease liabilities	(16,968)	(16,609)
	(23,397)	(23,422)
Net assets	79,354	77,799
Revenue	13,778	21,170
(Expenses)/income include:		
– Depreciation and amortisation	(4,066)	(3,565)
– Interest income	107	209
– Interest expense	(528)	(526)
Profit before taxation	1,912	6,061
Taxation	(357)	(1,077)
Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income	1,555	4,984

DCP does not have any contingent liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented, to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in DCP, is as follows:

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Net assets		
Beginning of financial year	77,799	72,815
Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income	1,555	4,984
End of financial year	79,354	77,799
Carrying value of Group's interest in DCP	63,483	62,239

12. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Unquoted shares – at cost	1,141,005	144,522
Less: Allowance for impairment	–	–
	1,141,005	144,522
Amount due from subsidiary	2,074,000	2,074,000
Net investment in subsidiaries	3,215,005	2,218,522

During the financial year, the Company increased its investment in a wholly-owned subsidiary by \$1,000,000,000.

The amount due from subsidiary is non-trade in nature, unsecured and interest-free. Repayments are not expected within the next 12 months. This amount is considered part of net investments in subsidiaries.

The movements in allowance for impairment are as follows:

	Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	–	43
Striking-off of subsidiary	–	(43)
End of financial year	–	–

Details of the Company's significant subsidiary are as follows:

Indirect subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Effective equity interest		Principal activities
		2020	2019	
RWSPL	Singapore	100%	100%	Development and operation of an Integrated Resort at Sentosa

The financial statements of this subsidiary are audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Singapore.

The Group has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the listing manual issued by the SGX-ST in relation to the appointment of its auditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

13. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority. The following amounts, determined prior to offsetting, are shown in the statement of financial position:

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Deferred tax assets		
To be recovered after one year	111	276
Deferred tax liabilities		
To be settled after one year	(225,525)	(231,382)
Total deferred taxes	(225,414)	(231,106)

Details of deferred taxes prior to offsetting are as follows:

Group	Beginning of financial year	(Charged)/ credited to profit or loss	End of financial year
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2020			
Deferred tax assets			
Provisions	1,820	(1,199)	621
Deferred tax liabilities			
Property, plant and equipment	(230,912)	7,370	(223,542)
Intangible assets	(2,014)	(479)	(2,493)
	(232,926)	6,891	(226,035)
Total deferred taxes	(231,106)	5,692	(225,414)
2019			
Deferred tax assets			
Provisions	315	1,505	1,820
Deferred tax liabilities			
Property, plant and equipment	(287,156)	56,244	(230,912)
Intangible assets	(1,716)	(298)	(2,014)
	(288,872)	55,946	(232,926)
Total deferred taxes	(288,557)	57,451	(231,106)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

14. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	233,251	221,131
Fair value gain	8,273	13,551
Disposals	(205,630)	–
Exchange differences	2,022	(1,431)
End of financial year	37,916	233,251
Quoted debt securities ^(a)	–	195,407
Unquoted debt securities ^(b)	37,916	37,844
	37,916	233,251

(a) The investments in portfolio of quoted debt securities had no fixed maturity or coupon rate. As at 31 December 2020, the Group has fully redeemed its investment in quoted debt securities.

(b) The investments in unquoted debt securities represent unquoted investment in a foreign corporation and an investment fund.

15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Current				
Trade receivables	246,528	410,618	–	–
Amounts due from subsidiaries	–	–	120,016	97,171
Other receivables	23,876	24,998	4,063	22,168
Amounts due from subsidiaries of the ultimate holding corporation	1	63	–	–
Loan to a subsidiary	–	–	194,409	392,710
	270,405	435,679	318,488	512,049
Less: Impairment (Note 26(d))	(226,566)	(312,389)	(120,300)	(99,119)
	43,839	123,290	198,188	412,930
Deposits	3,710	4,072	1	1
Prepayments	8,594	10,092	234	180
	56,143	137,454	198,423	413,111
Non-current				
Amounts due from subsidiaries	–	–	127,176	127,175
Other receivables	367	–	–	–
Loan to a subsidiary	–	–	262,500	262,500
	367	–	389,676	389,675
Less: Impairment (Note 26(d))	–	–	(780)	(1,134)
	367	–	388,896	388,541
Prepayments	7,064	971	–	–
	7,431	971	388,896	388,541

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The loans and amounts due from subsidiaries are mainly non-trade in nature, unsecured and interest-free except for \$456,909,000 (2019: \$655,210,000) which are interest bearing, and \$388,896,000 (2019: \$388,541,000) which repayments are not expected within the next 12 months. The current loan and amounts due from subsidiaries are repayable on demand.

16. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Retail stocks	1,287	5,664
Food, beverage and hotel supplies	16,626	18,471
Stores and technical spares	25,871	24,560
	43,784	48,695

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to \$35,087,000 (2019: \$71,152,000).

17. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Short-term deposits with banks	3,002,133	3,519,522	2,166,008	3,293,082
Cash and bank balances	991,951	427,728	240,845	236,593
Cash and cash equivalents	3,994,084	3,947,250	2,406,853	3,529,675

18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Current				
Trade payables	668	1,317	11	748
Accrued operating liabilities	132,516	215,889	25,072	15,051
Accrued capital expenditure	9,588	12,334	-	-
Retention monies and deposits	4,167	4,691	-	-
Contract liabilities	137,858	181,424	-	-
Other payables	43,639	66,886	1,030	205
Amounts due to:				
- Ultimate holding corporation	66	15	-	-
- Immediate holding corporation	19	59	7	26
- Subsidiaries	-	-	94,802	139,147
- Joint venture	14,609	6,859	-	-
	343,130	489,474	120,922	155,177
Non-current				
Retention monies and deposits	219	370	-	-
Other payables	-	447	-	-
	219	817	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

Retention monies refer to amounts withheld from contractors' claim for work done in accordance with contractual rights, which are progressively released upon the completion of the project.

Contract liabilities represent performance obligations that are contracted for but whose revenue have not been recognised in the financial statements. They are expected to be recognised as revenue in the next financial year. The following table summarises the contract liabilities activity related to contracts with customers:

Group	Customer deposits		Deferred revenue		Other contract liabilities	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Balance as at 1 January	79,864	70,033	43,360	33,699	58,200	58,225
Balance as at 31 December	61,792	79,864	20,854	43,360	55,212	58,200
(Decrease)/increase	(18,072)	9,831	(22,506)	9,661	(2,988)	(25)

Customer deposits and deferred revenue represent cash received from customers for future gaming and non-gaming services provided by the Group. Other contract liabilities mainly include loyalty program liabilities and outstanding chips liabilities.

The amounts due to ultimate holding corporation, immediate holding corporation and subsidiaries are mainly non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

19. BORROWINGS

	Group		Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Current				
Lease liabilities	3,977	3,991	325	56
Non-current				
Lease liabilities	6,802	9,868	59	3
Bonds [^]	255,990	246,786	255,990	246,786
	262,792	256,654	256,049	246,789
Total borrowings	266,769	260,645	256,374	246,845

[^] On 24 October 2017, the Company issued an unsecured and unsubordinated Japanese Yen-denominated bonds with a principal amount of Japanese Yen 20,000,000,000 (approximately \$240,240,000) in Japan, acting through its Japan branch. The bonds have a coupon rate of 0.669% per annum and are due for repayment five years from the issue date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

20. LEASES

(a) When the Group and the Company is a lessee

The Group and the Company leases land, leasehold properties, machinery and motor vehicles with varying terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants.

(i) Carrying amounts of ROU assets

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Leasehold land	736,334	749,868	–	–
Leasehold properties	1,369	1,188	372	54
Machinery and motor vehicles	8,873	11,908	6	4
	746,576	762,964	378	58

Additions to ROU assets during the financial year amounted to \$3,495,000 (2019: \$909,000) for the Group and \$643,000 (2019: \$6,000) for the Company.

(ii) Amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Depreciation on ROU assets:		
Leasehold land	13,533	13,533
Leasehold properties	1,248	1,162
Machinery and motor vehicles	3,520	4,269
	18,301	18,964
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	1,145	1,615
Expenses relating to short-term leases (included in cost of sales, administrative expenses and selling and distribution expenses)	1,011	1,324

(iii) Total cash outflow for leases during the financial year is \$7,031,000 (2019: \$7,741,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

20. LEASES (CONTINUED)

(b) When the Group is a lessor

The Group leases out retail spaces and offices under operating leases, where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. The Group collects deposits from leases to manage credit risk.

The undiscounted lease receivables under operating leases are as follows:

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Not later than one year	12,685	16,875
One to two years	5,640	11,231
Two to three years	1,709	4,860
Three to four years	988	1,416
Four to five years	9	774
Later than five years	36	44
	21,067	35,200

21. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES

Group and Company	Share capital		Treasury shares	
	No. of shares '000	Amount \$'000	No. of shares '000	Amount \$'000
2020				
Beginning of financial year	12,094,027	5,527,705	(36,792)	(29,541)
Treasury shares reissued	–	–	7,570	6,056
End of financial year	12,094,027	5,527,705	(29,222)	(23,485)
2019				
Beginning of financial year	12,094,027	5,527,705	(44,032)	(35,349)
Treasury shares reissued	–	–	7,240	5,808
End of financial year	12,094,027	5,527,705	(36,792)	(29,541)

All issued ordinary shares are fully paid. There is no par value for these ordinary shares.

(a) Treasury shares

At the Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) of the Company held on 28 May 2020, the shareholders of the Company approved the renewal of the authority for the Company to purchase its shares of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at any point in time.

During the financial year, the Company did not acquire any of its shares through purchases on the SGX-ST.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

21. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES (CONTINUED)

(b) Renounceable underwritten rights issue ("2009 Rights Issue")

The Company had on 9 September 2009 announced that the Company would be undertaking a renounceable rights issue of up to 2,043,716,094 new ordinary shares in the capital of the Company at an issue price of \$0.80 for each rights share on the basis of one right share for every 5 existing ordinary shares in the Company held by the shareholders on 23 September 2009. Based on the issued share capital of the Company on 23 September 2009, 1,931,564,264 rights shares were available under the 2009 Rights Issue. The 2009 Rights Issue was oversubscribed and raised gross proceeds of approximately \$1.55 billion for the Company. The 2009 Rights Issue was completed on 21 October 2009 with the listing and quotation of 1,931,564,264 rights shares on the Main Board of the SGX-ST.

As at 31 December 2020, the proceeds from the 2009 Rights Issue have been fully utilised in accordance with its stated use and the breakdown is as follows:

	\$'000
Cost of issuance	37,832
Repayment of term loan facilities taken for the acquisition of Genting UK PLC	30,675
Repayment of the Group's \$2.27 billion syndicated senior secured credit facilities	217,817
Net repayment of revolving credit facility taken for the working capital of the Group's UK operations	70,000
Subscription of shares in subsidiaries	322,533
Investment in an associate	412,271
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	169,648
Payment of operating expenses of the Company and its subsidiaries	284,475
	1,545,251
Balance unutilised	-
Total proceeds	1,545,251

22. OTHER RESERVES

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Performance share reserve (a)	12,703	9,479	12,703	9,479
Exchange translation reserve (b)	6,514	7,295	(652)	(4)
	19,217	16,774	12,051	9,475

(a) Performance share reserve

Performance share reserve comprise cumulative fair value of services received from employees measured at the date of grant for unvested equity-settled performance shares under the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme ("PSS").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

22. OTHER RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Performance share reserve (Continued)

On 8 August 2007, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the PSS for an initial period of up to 7 August 2017 (the "Initial Period"). The objective of the PSS is to attract and retain the Group's executives, executive directors and non-executive directors, who are in the position to drive the growth of the Company. The PSS gives the Company flexibility in relation to the Group's remuneration package for the Group's executives, executive directors and non-executive directors and allows the Group to manage its fixed overheads. On 21 April 2016, the shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the rules of the PSS and the extension of the duration of the PSS for a further period of 10 years, from 8 August 2017 to 7 August 2027 (both dates inclusive) (the "Extended Period").

Under the PSS, the Company may grant to participants performance share awards which represent the right of such participants to receive fully paid shares free of charge, upon such participants satisfying the criteria set out in the PSS and such conditions as may be imposed. The number of shares which are the subject of each performance share award shall be determined at the absolute discretion of the Remuneration Committee, which shall take into account various criteria including those set out in the rules of the PSS. The Company will deliver shares to be received under a performance share award by issuing new shares and/or transferring treasury shares to the participants.

The total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS during the Initial Period shall not exceed 208,853,893 shares, and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under such other share-based incentive schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time. The total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS during the Extended Period shall not exceed 420,433,143 shares, and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under such other share-based incentive schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time. As at 31 December 2020, no participant other than Mr Tan Hee Teck, has received 5% or more of the total number of performance share awards available under the PSS.

The vesting of performance shares granted under PSS is subject to the achieving of pre-agreed service and/or performance conditions over the performance period.

For performance share grants with pre-agreed service conditions, the fair value was determined based on the Company's closing market price at the date of grant. The weighted average fair value per share granted in 2020 was \$0.81 (2019: \$1.04).

Movements in the number of performance shares outstanding are as follows:

	Group and Company	
	2020	2019
Beginning of financial year	12,215,000	7,405,000
Granted	48,874,000	12,905,500
Lapsed	(2,357,700)	(855,350)
Issued	(7,570,300)	(7,240,150)
End of financial year	51,161,000	12,215,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

22. OTHER RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Exchange translation reserve

Exchange translation reserve comprise foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations where functional currencies are different from the presentation currency of the Group.

23. PROVISION FOR RETIREMENT GRATUITIES

	Group		Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	263	490	57	57
Credited to profit or loss	(59)	(156)	–	–
Payment made	–	(71)	–	–
Exchange differences	1	–	–	–
End of financial year	205	263	57	57

Retirement gratuities are payable to certain employees upon their retirement. The gratuities provided are factored for discount rates, based on interest rates available in the market for bonds with AAA ratings, and attrition rates based on age bands.

24. DIVIDENDS

	Group and Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Final dividends paid in respect of the previous financial year of 2.5 cents per ordinary share [^] (2019: 2.0 cents per ordinary share)	301,620	241,145
No interim dividend declared and paid in respect of current financial year (2019: 1.5 cents per ordinary share)	–	180,858

[^] On 28 May 2020, the shareholders approved the payment of the final dividend of 2.5 cents per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2019. The dividend has been accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

The Directors proposed the payment of a final dividend of 1 cent per ordinary share, in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020, subject to the approval of shareholders at the next AGM of the Company. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend, which will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2021, after it has been approved by shareholders at the AGM.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

25. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Authorised capital expenditure not provided for in the financial statements:		
Contracted – property, plant and equipment including capital expenditure committed in relation to expansion of integrated resort	4,419,224	4,485,538

RWSPL entered into a second supplemental agreement with Sentosa Development Corporation (“SDC”) on 3 April 2019, in relation to the construction, development and establishment of an expanded integrated resort, and committed to invest approximately \$4.5 billion in a renewal and refresh of the integrated resort.

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group’s overall financial risk management objective is to optimise value creation for shareholders. The Group seeks to minimise the potential adverse impact arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rates and the unpredictability of the financial markets on the Group’s financial performance.

The Group operates within clearly defined guidelines that are approved by the Board of Directors. Financial risk management is carried out through risk reviews conducted at all significant operational units. This process is further enhanced by effective internal controls, a group-wide insurance programme and adherence to the financial risk management policies.

The main areas of financial risk faced by the Group are as follows:

(a) Foreign currency exchange risk

The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group’s foreign operations is managed primarily through borrowings denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk when the Company and its subsidiaries enter into transactions that are not denominated in their functional currencies. To manage these exposures, the Group takes advantage of any natural offsets of the Group’s revenue and expenses denominated in foreign currencies and may from time to time enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for a portion of the remaining exposure relating to these forecast transactions when deemed appropriate.

The Group’s and Company’s principal net foreign currency exposures mainly relate to the United States Dollar (“USD”).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) Foreign currency exchange risk (Continued)

The Group's and Company's currency exposures are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
USD	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	37,916	112,878	-	-
Trade and other receivables	787	597	163	545
Cash and cash equivalents	104,915	78,309	104,344	77,516
	143,618	191,784	104,507	78,061
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	(3,862)	(3,828)	(514)	(994)
Lease liabilities	(9,207)	(11,902)	-	-
	(13,069)	(15,730)	(514)	(994)
Net currency exposures	130,549	176,054	103,993	77,067

If the USD changes against the Singapore Dollar ("SGD") by 1% (2019: 1%) with all other variables being held constant, the effects on profit before taxation will be as follows:

	Increase/(decrease)			
	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
USD against SGD				
- Strengthened	1,305	1,761	1,040	771
- Weakened	(1,305)	(1,761)	(1,040)	(771)

(b) Price risk

As at 31 December 2020, the Group is exposed to securities price risk arising from its debt securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. If prices for debt securities increase/decrease by 1,000 basis points (2019: 100 basis points) with all other variables being held constant, the profit before taxation will be higher/lower by \$3,792,000 (2019: \$1,954,000) as a result of fair value gain/loss on these debt securities.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group and the Company are not subject to material interest rate risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the failure of counterparties of the Group, to settle their financial and contractual obligation as and when they fall due.

The Group's main class of financial assets that are subject to credit risk are trade and other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and cash and cash equivalents. The Group's financial assets except trade and other receivables are subject to immaterial credit loss.

As the Group does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statements of financial position.

Trade receivables

In managing credit risk exposure from trade receivables, majority of which are related to casino debtors, the Group has established a credit committee and processes to evaluate the creditworthiness of its counterparties. The counterparty's payment profile and credit exposure are continuously monitored by the credit committee, together with the operational policies and guidelines. Credit exposure to an individual counterparty is restricted by the credit limits set by the credit committee based on the ongoing credit evaluation. The top 10 trade debtors of the Group represented 28% (2019: 20%) of trade receivables.

In measuring the lifetime expected credit losses, the Group uses the provision matrix method where trade receivables are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced. The Group has considered forward-looking information and determined that it does not significantly affect the historical credit losses.

The Group considers a trade receivable as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated cash flow have occurred. These instances include adverse changes in the financial capability of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

The movements in allowance for impairment on trade receivables are as follows:

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	312,389	239,070
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	(17,299)	110,021
Allowance utilised	(68,517)	(36,696)
Exchange differences	(7)	(6)
End of financial year	226,566	312,389

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, with the case-by-case assessment performed based on indicators such as insolvency or demise. Where receivables are written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(d) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

The Group's credit risk exposure in relation to trade receivables are as follows:

Group	Not past due \$'000	Past due less than 3 months \$'000	Past due 3 to 6 months \$'000	Past due more than 6 months \$'000	Total \$'000
2020					
Trade receivables	18,082	3,440	5,198	219,808	246,528
Allowance for impairment	(1,412)	(2,723)	(3,847)	(218,584)	(226,566)
Total	16,670	717	1,351	1,224	19,962
2019					
Trade receivables	115,137	66,033	55,618	173,830	410,618
Allowance for impairment	(24,262)	(58,757)	(55,568)	(173,802)	(312,389)
Total	90,875	7,276	50	28	98,229

Other receivables

The Group and the Company use the below internal credit risk categories for other receivables which are subject to expected credit losses approach permitted under SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments*. The 4 categories reflect the respective credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of those categories as follows:

Category	Description	Basis for recognition of expected credit losses
• Performing	Low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses
• Under-performing	Significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses
• Non-performing	Evidence indicating that the asset is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses
• Write-off	No reasonable expectation of recovery.	Amount is written off

Other than the Company's amounts due from subsidiaries and loan to a subsidiary (Note 15) which are under-performing, the Group and Company have no financial assets that are subject to more than immaterial credit losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(d) Credit risk (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

The movements in allowance for impairment on other receivables are as follows:

	Company	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	100,253	154,795
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	20,827	(991)
Allowance utilised	–	(51,797)
Exchange differences	–	(1,754)
End of financial year	121,080	100,253

(e) Liquidity risk

The Group practises prudent liquidity risk management to minimise the mismatch of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's cash flow is reviewed regularly to ensure that the Group is able to settle its commitments when they fall due.

Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated for Group purposes. The Group monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance and compliance with internal ratio targets.

The table below analyses the financial liabilities of the Group and the Company into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 2 years \$'000	Between 2 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000
Group				
2020				
Trade and other payables*	205,272	–	219	–
Bonds	1,717	258,076	–	–
Lease liabilities	4,863	3,783	4,007	–
	211,852	261,859	4,226	–
2019				
Trade and other payables*	308,050	447	370	–
Bonds	1,658	1,658	249,165	–
Lease liabilities	4,956	3,850	8,002	–
	314,664	5,955	257,537	–

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(e) Liquidity risk (Continued)

	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 2 years \$'000	Between 2 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000
Company				
2020				
Trade and other payables*	120,922	–	–	–
Bonds	1,717	258,076	–	–
Lease liabilities	332	57	2	–
	122,971	258,133	2	–
2019				
Trade and other payables*	155,177	–	–	–
Bonds	1,658	1,658	249,165	–
Lease liabilities	57	2	1	–
	156,892	1,660	249,166	–

* Excludes contract liabilities

(f) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

In order to optimise the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, buy back issued shares, take on new debt or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with the industry, the Group monitors capital utilisation based on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total capital. Total debt is calculated as total borrowings. Total capital is calculated as equity attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus total debt.

The gearing ratios are as follows:

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Total debt	266,769	260,645
Total equity attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	7,835,560	8,057,589
Total capital	8,102,329	8,318,234
Gearing ratio	3%	3%

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the current financial year.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(g) Fair value estimation

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and classified by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (i) Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- (ii) Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- (iii) Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Group	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
2020				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14)	–	–	37,916	37,916
2019				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14)	–	195,407	37,844	233,251

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on closing quoted market prices on the last market day at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used to estimate fair value for long term debt for disclosure purposes. Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(g) Fair value estimation (Continued)

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. Changing one or more of the unobservable inputs in the valuation technique used for Level 3 instruments will not significantly impact the fair value of these instruments. The assessment of the fair value of unquoted debt securities is performed on a quarterly basis based on the latest available data such as underlying net asset value of the investee entity to approximate the fair value as at reporting date.

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 instruments:

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	37,844	37,994
Disposals	(7,043)	–
Fair value gain recognised in profit or loss	7,234	373
Exchange differences	(119)	(523)
End of financial year	37,916	37,844

The fair value of current and non-current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts.

(h) Financial instruments by category

The aggregate carrying amounts of financial instruments are categorised as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets at amortised cost	4,042,000	4,074,612	2,993,938	4,331,147
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	37,916	233,251	–	–
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	472,260	569,512	377,296	402,022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

27. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company's immediate holding corporation is Genting Overseas Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man. The ultimate holding corporation is Genting Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia and whose shares are listed on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the following significant transactions took place between the Group and related parties:

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
(i) Sales of goods and/or services to:		
– A joint venture	862	1,260
– Other related parties	1,159	1,402
	2,021	2,662
(ii) Purchases of goods and/or services from:		
– A joint venture	(13,778)	(21,170)
– Other related parties	(49)	(540)
	(13,827)	(21,710)

Key management remuneration (including directors' remuneration):

Key management remuneration includes fees, salaries, bonus, commission and other emoluments computed based on the costs incurred by the Group, and where the Group did not incur any costs, the value of the benefit.

The remuneration of directors and the key management personnel are analysed as follows:

	Group	
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Non-executive directors		
– Fees and meeting allowances	1,186	1,380
– Share-based payment [^]	550	535
	1,736	1,915
Executive directors		
– Fees and meeting allowances	49	66
– Salaries, bonus and other emoluments [^]	24,436	16,156
– Defined contribution plan	35	29
– Share-based payment [^]	8,630	2,140
	33,150	18,391
Total	34,886	20,306
Key management personnel (excluding directors' remuneration)		
– Salaries, bonus and other emoluments	3,658	5,538
– Defined contribution plan	150	165
– Share-based payment [^]	2,029	2,148
Total	5,837	7,851

[^] Include accruals of special incentive awards which are subject to achievement of pre-agreed service and/or performance conditions over the performance period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports that are used by the chief operating decision-maker to make strategic decisions.

The chief operating decision-maker considers the business from both business and geographic perspectives.

Business segment

The Singapore leisure and hospitality segment derives revenue from the development and operation of the integrated resort.

Under the Development Agreement signed between the SDC and the Group, the Group is required to construct, develop and operate a resort with a comprehensive range of integrated and synergised amenities for recreation, entertainment and lifestyle uses. This includes key attractions such as hotels, event facilities, retail, dining, entertainment shows, themed attractions and casino, which must be at all times operated and managed together. Each key attraction cannot be closed without prior written approval from SDC.

The investment business derives revenue from investing in assets to generate future income and cash flows.

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("Adjusted EBITDA"). This measurement basis excludes the effects of gain/loss on disposal of assets and liabilities classified as held-for-sale, share-based payment, net exchange gain/loss relating to investments and other income/expenses which include impairment/write-off/gain/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, pre-opening/development expenses and other non-recurring adjustments.

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories, trade and other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents.

Segment liabilities comprise all liabilities other than current and deferred tax liabilities and borrowings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Group	Leisure and Hospitality		Investments	Total
	Singapore	Others*		
2020	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Gaming	700,816	–	–	700,816
Non-gaming	284,519	–	–	284,519
Other revenue	14,910	61,225	6,133	82,268
Inter-segment revenue	–	–	(3,854)	(3,854)
External revenue	1,000,245	61,225	2,279	1,063,749
Adjusted EBITDA	445,690	(936)	(17,741)	427,013
Share of results of joint venture	1,244	–	–	1,244
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(274,973)	–	(1,411)	(276,384)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(26,027)	–	–	(26,027)
Assets				
Segment assets	5,989,622	46,687	2,687,649	8,723,958
Interests in joint venture	63,483	–	–	63,483
Deferred tax assets				111
Consolidated total assets				8,787,552
Segment assets include:				
Additions to:				
– Property, plant and equipment	83,638	–	2,001	85,639
– Intangible assets	4,440	–	–	4,440
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities	314,495	1,476	27,583	343,554
Borrowings				266,769
Income tax liabilities				116,142
Deferred tax liabilities				225,525
Consolidated total liabilities				951,990

* Other leisure and hospitality segment mainly represents other hospitality and support services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Group	Leisure and Hospitality		Investments	Total
	Singapore	Others*		
2019	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Gaming	1,619,667	–	–	1,619,667
Non-gaming	832,389	–	–	832,389
Other revenue	25,477	506	6,011	31,994
Inter-segment revenue	–	–	(3,710)	(3,710)
External revenue	2,477,533	506	2,301	2,480,340
Adjusted EBITDA	1,232,284	(5,523)	(37,128)	1,189,633
Share of results of joint venture	3,987	–	–	3,987
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(362,164)	–	(1,492)	(363,656)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(26,145)	–	–	(26,145)
Assets				
Segment assets	5,155,953	5,817	4,025,793	9,187,563
Interests in joint venture	62,239	–	–	62,239
Deferred tax assets				276
Consolidated total assets				9,250,078
Segment assets include:				
Additions to:				
– Property, plant and equipment	169,408	–	3,388	172,796
– Intangible assets	75,712	–	–	75,712
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities	470,473	2,344	17,737	490,554
Borrowings				260,645
Income tax liabilities				209,906
Deferred tax liabilities				231,382
Consolidated total liabilities				1,192,487

* Other leisure and hospitality segment mainly represents other hospitality and support services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to profit before taxation is provided as follows:

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments	427,013	1,189,633
Share-based payment	(11,131)	(9,530)
Net exchange loss relating to investments	(1,398)	(8,871)
Depreciation and amortisation	(302,411)	(389,801)
Interest income	45,546	80,073
Finance costs	(4,047)	(20,495)
Share of results of joint venture	1,244	3,987
Other (expenses)/income (net)*	(41,840)	1,910
Profit before taxation	112,976	846,906

* Other (expenses)/income (net) include gain/(loss) on disposal/impairment/write-off of property, plant and equipment, pre-opening/development expenses and other non-recurring adjustments.

Geographical information

The Group operates predominantly in Asia. The main business of the Group is in leisure and hospitality operations in Singapore where the development and operation of an integrated resort contributes most of its revenue. The operations in other geographical areas in the Asia Pacific (excluding Singapore) are sales and marketing services relating to the Group's leisure and hospitality related businesses and other investments.

Revenue is classified based on the location in which revenue is derived. Sales between segments are eliminated. Non-current assets exclude deferred tax assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

	Group	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue		
Singapore	1,063,461	2,479,993
Asia Pacific (excluding Singapore)	288	347
	1,063,749	2,480,340
Non-current assets		
Singapore	4,651,272	4,878,732
Asia Pacific (excluding Singapore)	4,242	4,420
	4,655,514	4,883,152

There is no revenue derived from transactions with a single external customer that amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

29. IMPACT OF COVID-19

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) has caused major disruptions to the travel and tourism industry, as the pandemic resulted in border closures and other measures imposed by the various governments. As part of the Singapore Government's Circuit Breaker measures, most of the service offerings of the Group's integrated resort at Resorts World Sentosa, including attractions and casino were temporarily suspended from 7 April 2020 to 30 June 2020. The COVID-19 pandemic had a negative impact on the Group's financial performance for 2020 as the Group's integrated resort was built predominantly to attract large scale international demand.

As the global COVID-19 situation remains very fluid as at the date on which these financial statements were authorised for issue, the Group is currently unable to estimate the financial impact to the Group's results for the financial year ending 31 December 2021. Notwithstanding this, the Group has assessed that the going concern basis of preparation for this set of financial statements remains appropriate.

30. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 9 February 2021.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Genting Singapore Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020, and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Company and the Group comprise:

- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2020;
- the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020;
- the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group for the financial year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

Our Audit Approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
1. Impairment of trade receivables See Note 3(b) of the financial statements for the related accounting policies, estimates and judgements and Note 26(d) for the credit risk exposure. The impairment of trade receivables, majority of which were related to casino debtors, was a key audit matter as significant judgement was involved in determining the expected credit losses. These significant judgements included: (i) grouping of trade receivables based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due; (ii) expected loss rates based on historical credit loss experience; and (iii) identification of indicators of when trade receivables are credit impaired. As at 31 December 2020, allowance for impairment amounted to \$227 million and a net reversal of impairment charge of \$23 million was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020.	<p>We updated our understanding of the processes for credit assessment and approval, and impairment assessment of trade receivables. We tested the operating effectiveness of relevant controls including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">checked on a sampling basis that credit assessment has been appropriately completed in accordance with the Group's standard operating procedures for credit granting;checked on a sampling basis the authorisation of credit based on the Group's approval matrix for credit transactions; andread the minutes of all the meetings of the credit committee (which is responsible for the monitoring of trade receivables and approval of impairment provisions) and checked that monitoring and credit risk assessment is performed. <p>We reviewed the credit evaluation and monitoring files relating to selected trade receivables. We held discussions with the chairperson of the credit committee about these trade receivables to understand the judgements exercised in assessing the expected credit loss of these trade receivables.</p> <p>We assessed the appropriateness of judgements made by management based on historical trend of collections and external data.</p> <p>Based on the above, we are satisfied that the judgements made by management are appropriate.</p>

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the chairman's statement, 2020 highlights, board of directors, management & corporate information, corporate diary & RWS management team, financial highlights & awards and accolades, year in review, corporate social responsibility, corporate governance, directors' statement and group offices (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and the other sections of the annual report ("the Other Sections") which are expected to be made available to us after that date.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Other Sections, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions in accordance with SSAs.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and the other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Tan Boon Chok.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants
Singapore, 9 February 2021

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 26 FEBRUARY 2021

Issued and paid-up capital	:	\$5,527,705,425.50
Class of shares	:	Ordinary shares
Voting rights	:	One vote per share
No. of issued shares (excluding treasury shares)	:	12,064,804,974
No. of treasury shares	:	29,221,850
Percentage of treasury shares	:	0.24%
No. of subsidiary holdings ⁽¹⁾	:	0
Percentage of subsidiary holdings ⁽¹⁾	:	0%

Note:

(1) "Subsidiary holdings" is defined in the Listing Rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") to mean shares referred to in Sections 21(4), 21(4B), 21(6A) and 21(6C) of the Companies Act (Cap. 50).

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of Shareholdings	Number of Shareholders	%	Number of Shares (excluding Treasury Shares)	%
1 to 99	606	0.80	12,449	0.00
100 to 1,000	7,888	10.46	4,909,124	0.04
1,001 to 10,000	37,514	49.77	211,694,593	1.75
10,001 to 1,000,000	29,248	38.80	1,473,755,043	12.22
1,000,001 and above	124	0.17	10,374,433,765	85.99
Total	75,380	100.00	12,064,804,974	100.00

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (AS RECORDED IN THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS)

Substantial Shareholders (5% or more)	Direct Interest		Deemed Interest	
	Number of Shares	%	Number of Shares	%
Genting Overseas Holdings Limited ("GOHL")	6,353,685,269	52.6630	–	–
Genting Berhad ("GENT") ⁽²⁾	–	–	6,353,685,269	52.6630
Kien Huat Realty Sdn Berhad ("KHR") ⁽³⁾	142,800	0.0012	6,353,685,269	52.6630
Kien Huat International Limited ("KHI") ⁽⁴⁾	–	–	6,353,828,069	52.6642
Parkview Management Sdn Bhd ("Parkview") ⁽⁵⁾	–	–	6,353,828,069	52.6642
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay ⁽¹⁾	14,945,063	0.1238	6,353,828,069	52.6642
Lim Keong Hui ⁽⁶⁾	–	–	6,353,828,069	52.6642

Notes:

(1) Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay is the Executive Chairman. He is a director of GENT, certain companies within the GENT Group and certain companies which are substantial shareholders of GENT. Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay is also one of the beneficiaries of a discretionary trust, the trustee of which is Parkview (please see Note (5) for information on this trust). A discretionary trust is one in which the trustee (and in the case where the trustee is a company, its board of directors) has full discretion to decide which beneficiaries will receive, and in whichever proportion of the income or assets of the trust when it is distributed and also how the rights attached to any shares held by the trust are exercised. The deemed interests of Parkview in the shares of the Company are explained in Note (5). On account of Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay being a beneficiary of the discretionary trust, he is deemed interested in the shares of the Company by virtue of the deemed interest of Parkview.

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 26 FEBRUARY 2021

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (AS RECORDED IN THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS) (CONTINUED)

- (2) GOHL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GENT. Therefore, GENT is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by GOHL.
- (3) KHR and its wholly-owned subsidiary control more than 20% of the voting share capital of GENT. KHR is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by itself and GOHL.
- (4) The voting share capital of KHR is wholly-owned by KHI. Therefore, KHI is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company through KHR and GOHL.
- (5) Parkview acts as trustee of a discretionary trust, the beneficiaries of which are Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay and certain members of his family. Parkview, through its wholly-owned company, namely KHI, owns the entire issued voting share capital of KHR. As such, Parkview is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held through KHR and GOHL. Parkview is owned by Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay and Mr Lim Keong Hui on an equal basis. The board members of Parkview are Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay and Mr Lim Keong Hui.
- (6) Mr Lim Keong Hui is one of the beneficiaries of the discretionary trust, the trustee of which is Parkview. On account of Mr Lim Keong Hui being a beneficiary of the discretionary trust, he is deemed interested in the shares of the Company by virtue of the deemed interest of Parkview.

TWENTY (20) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Name of Shareholders	Number of Shares	% of Issued Shares (excluding Treasury Shares)
1.	GENTING OVERSEAS HOLDINGS LIMITED	6,353,685,269	52.66
2.	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	1,056,149,939	8.75
3.	DBS NOMINEES PTE LTD	842,577,170	6.98
4.	DBSN SERVICES PTE LTD	469,353,049	3.89
5.	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	351,007,412	2.91
6.	HSBC (SINGAPORE) NOMINEES PTE LTD	251,498,680	2.08
7.	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE.) LIMITED	205,959,257	1.71
8.	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	113,016,957	0.94
9.	MORGAN STANLEY ASIA (SINGAPORE) SECURITIES PTE LTD	108,874,100	0.90
10.	CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.	81,821,981	0.68
11.	UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED	64,010,547	0.53
12.	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	59,784,430	0.50
13.	MAYBANK KIM ENG SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	51,120,694	0.42
14.	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	49,563,716	0.41
15.	BPSS NOMINEES SINGAPORE (PTE.) LTD.	21,168,334	0.18
16.	MERRILL LYNCH (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.	18,384,297	0.15
17.	DB NOMINEES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	18,160,080	0.15
18.	TAN HEE TECK	16,500,000	0.14
19.	SOCIETE GENERALE SINGAPORE BRANCH	15,947,608	0.13
20.	DBS VICKERS SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	12,717,569	0.11
Total		10,161,301,089	84.22

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information available to the Company as at 26 February 2021, approximately 47.03% of the issued shares (excluding treasury shares) of the Company was held by the public. Therefore, Rule 723 of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST has been complied with.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Thirty-Sixth Annual General Meeting of Genting Singapore Limited (the “**Company**”) will be convened and held by way of electronic means on Thursday, 15 April 2021 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time) for the purposes below.

This Notice has been made available on SGXNet and the Company’s website at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/#!/en/investors/annual-reports>. Printed copies of this Notice will NOT be despatched to members.

ROUTINE BUSINESS:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors’ Statement and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and the Auditor’s Report thereon. **(Resolution 1)**
2. To declare a final one-tier tax exempt dividend of \$0.01 per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2020. **(Resolution 2)**
3. To re-elect Mr Jonathan Asherson, who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Company’s Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. **(Resolution 3)**
4. To re-elect Mr Tan Wah Yeow, who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Company’s Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. **(Resolution 4)**
5. To re-elect Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston, who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 116 of the Company’s Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. **(Resolution 5)**
6. To approve Directors’ fees of up to \$1,981,000 for the financial year ending 31 December 2021 (FY2020: up to \$2,022,000). **(Resolution 6)**
7. To re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as Auditor of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. **(Resolution 7)**

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions:

Proposed Renewal of the General Mandate for Interested Person Transactions

8. THAT: **(Resolution 8)**
 - (a) approval be and is hereby given, for the purposes of Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules (“**Chapter 9**”) of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (“**SGX-ST**”), for the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are entities at risk (as the term is used in Chapter 9), or any of them, to enter into any of the transactions falling within the types of interested person transactions described in the Appendix to the Letter to Shareholders dated 24 March 2021 (the “**Letter**”) with any party who is of the class of interested persons described in the Appendix to the Letter, provided that such transactions are made on normal commercial terms and in accordance with the review procedures for such interested person transactions;
 - (b) the approval given in paragraph (a) above (the “**IPT Mandate**”) shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company (“**AGM**”) or the date by which the next AGM is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier; and

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- (c) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the IPT Mandate and/or this Resolution.

Proposed Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Mandate

9. THAT:

(Resolution 9)

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore (the “**Companies Act**”), the exercise by the Directors of the Company of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares of the Company (“**Shares**”) not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Limit (as hereafter defined), at such price(s) as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:

- (i) market purchase(s) (each a “**Market Purchase**”) transacted on the SGX-ST; and/or
- (ii) off-market purchase(s) (each an “**Off-Market Purchase**”) (if effected otherwise than on the SGX-ST) in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors of the Company as they consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act,

and otherwise in accordance with all other laws and regulations and rules of the SGX-ST as may for the time being be applicable, be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the “**Share Buy-Back Mandate**”);

- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate may be exercised by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Companies Act) at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which the next AGM is held or required by law to be held;
- (ii) the date on which purchases and acquisitions of issued Shares pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate are carried out to the full extent mandated; or
- (iii) the date on which the authority contained in the Share Buy-Back Mandate is varied or revoked;

- (c) in this Resolution:

- (i) “**Average Closing Price**” means the average of the closing market prices of the Shares over the last five (5) market days, on which transactions in the Shares were recorded, immediately preceding the day of the Market Purchase or, as the case may be, the date on which the Company announces an Off-Market Purchase offer stating the purchase price and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme, and deemed to be adjusted for any corporate action that occurs during the relevant five-day period and the day on which the purchases are made;
- (ii) “**Maximum Limit**” means 10% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings (as defined in the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST)) as at the date of passing of this Resolution;

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(iii) **"Maximum Price"** in relation to a Share to be purchased, means the purchase price (excluding brokerage, commission, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) not exceeding:

(aa) in the case of a Market Purchase: 105% of the Average Closing Price;

(bb) in the case of an Off-Market Purchase: 120% of the Average Closing Price; and

(d) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated by this Resolution.

10. To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given.

By Order of the Board

Liew Lan Hing
Company Secretary
24 March 2021

Explanatory Notes:

a. **Ordinary Resolution 3** is to re-elect Mr Jonathan Asherson who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Constitution of the Company. Detailed information on Mr Asherson can be found under **"Board of Directors"** and **"Corporate Governance"** in the Annual Report 2020.

Mr Jonathan Asherson will, upon re-election as a director, continue to serve as Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Remuneration committee. Mr Asherson is considered an independent director.

b. **Ordinary Resolution 4** is to re-elect Mr Tan Wah Yeow who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Constitution of the Company. Detailed information on Mr Tan can be found under **"Board of Directors"** and **"Corporate Governance"** in the Annual Report 2020.

Mr Tan Wah Yeow will, upon re-election as a director, continue to serve as Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr Tan is considered an independent director.

c. **Ordinary Resolution 5** is to re-elect Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 116 of the Constitution of the Company. Detailed information on Mr Hauw can be found under **"Board of Directors"** and **"Corporate Governance"** in the Annual Report 2020.

Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston will, upon re-election as a director, continue to serve as a member of the Audit and Risk Committee. Mr Hauw is considered an independent director.

d. **Ordinary Resolution 6**, if passed, will facilitate the payment of Directors' fees during the financial year in which the fees are incurred, that is during the financial year ending 31 December 2021.

The Directors' fees are computed based on the anticipated number of Directors, as well as Board and Board Committee meetings, for the financial year ending 31 December 2021, assuming full attendance by all the Directors. In the event that the amount proposed is insufficient, approval will be sought at the next AGM before payments are made to the Directors for the shortfall.

e. **Ordinary Resolution 8**, if passed, will renew the mandate to allow the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are entities at risk (as the term is used in Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST) or any of them to enter into certain interested person transactions with certain classes of interested persons as described in the Appendix to the Letter. Please refer to the Appendix to the Letter for more information.

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- f. **Ordinary Resolution 9**, if passed, will entitle the Directors to effect the purchase or acquisition of Shares via market purchase(s) or off-market purchase(s), after taking into account the amount of surplus cash available, the prevailing market conditions and the most cost-effective and efficient approach. The Company may use internal or external sources of funds to finance the purchase or acquisition of its Shares. The amount of financing required for the Company to purchase or acquire its Shares, and the impact on the Company's financial position, cannot be ascertained as at the date of this Notice as these will depend on the number of Shares purchased or acquired, the price at which such Shares were purchased or acquired and whether the Shares purchased or acquired are held in treasury or cancelled.

The financial effects of the purchase or acquisition of such Shares by the Company pursuant to the proposed Share Buy-Back Mandate on the audited financial statements of the Company and the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 December 2020, based on certain assumptions, are set out in paragraph 3.6 of the Letter. Please refer to the Letter for more details.

Notes:

1. The AGM is being convened, and will be held, by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020.
2. Alternative arrangements relating to, among others, attendance at the AGM via electronic means, submission of questions in advance of, or "live" at, the AGM, addressing of substantial and relevant questions at the AGM and/or voting by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy at the AGM, are set out in the Company's announcement dated 24 March 2021 entitled "36th Annual General Meeting" which has been uploaded together with this Notice of AGM on SGXNet on the same day. This announcement may also be accessed on the Company's website at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/#/en/investors/annual-reports>.

In particular, the AGM will be held by way of electronic means and a member will be able to watch the proceedings of the AGM through a live audio-visual webcast or listen to these proceedings through a live audio-only stream via mobile phone, tablet or computer. In order to do so, a member who wishes to watch the live audio-visual webcast or listen to the live audio-only stream must pre-register by 10.00 a.m. on 12 April 2021, at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/agm2021> for authentication purposes. Following authentication of status as members, authenticated members may use the registered identification credentials to access the live audio-visual webcast and live audio-only stream of the proceedings of the AGM at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/agm2021>.

Members who have any queries on pre-registration may call the Singapore toll-free telephone number 800-852-3335 or email support@conveneagm.com for assistance.

Authenticated members, including SRS investors, may submit questions relating to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM. To do so, all questions must be submitted by 10.00 a.m. on 12 April 2021:

- (a) via the pre-registration website at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/agm2021>;
- (b) in hard copy by sending personally or by post and lodging the same at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited, at 112 Robinson Road, #05-01, Singapore 068902; or
- (c) by email to the Company at agm2021@gentingsingapore.com.

Authenticated members will also be able to submit questions (which are related to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM), "live" at the AGM, by submitting text-based questions by clicking the "Ask a Question" feature and then clicking "Type Your Question" to input their queries in the questions text box. The Company will endeavour to address substantial and relevant questions (which are related to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM), "live" at the AGM itself. Where substantially similar questions are received, the Company will consolidate such questions and consequently not all questions may be individually addressed.

3. Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the AGM in person. If a member (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy has been uploaded together with this Notice of AGM on SGXNet on the same day and may also be accessed on the Company's website at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/#/en/investors/annual-reports>.

In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a member (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of a resolution in the form of proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

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SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should approach their respective SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 1 April 2021.

4. The Chairman of the Meeting, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
5. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
 - (a) via the pre-registration website at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/agm2021>;
 - (b) if sent personally or by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited, at 112 Robinson Road, #05-01, Singapore 068902; or
 - (c) if submitted by email, to M & C Services Private Limited at gpa@mncsingapore.com,

in each case, not less than 72 hours before the time for holding the AGM and at any adjournment thereof, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

A member who wishes to submit an instrument of proxy (other than via the pre-registration website) must first download, complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or before scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above. In view of the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email or via the pre-registration website.

6. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be signed by the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy is executed by a corporation, it must be either under its common seal or signed on its behalf by a duly authorised officer or attorney.
7. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy if it is incomplete, improperly completed, illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument of proxy).
8. In the case of a member whose Shares are entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy lodged if such member, being the appointor, is not shown to have Shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register as at 12 April 2021, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.
9. The Annual Report 2020 and the Letter to Shareholders dated 24 March 2021 have been uploaded on SGXNet on 24 March 2021, and may also be accessed on the Company's website at the URL <http://www.gentingsingapore.com/#/en/investors/annual-reports>.

Personal data privacy:

By (a) pre-registering for the live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream to observe the proceedings of the AGM, (b) submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, and/or (c) submitting questions relating to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM, a member of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the following purposes: (i) processing of the registration for purpose of granting access to members (or their corporate representatives in the case of members which are legal entities) to the live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream to observe the proceedings of the AGM and providing them with any technical assistance where necessary, (ii) processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), (iii) preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and (iv) for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines.

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GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

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